THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 33. EMPORIUM PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1899. NO. 46.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY,
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

F. D. LEET.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL,
WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR
Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county.
30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT,
(Opposite Post Office,)
Emporium, Pa.
WILLIAM MCDONALD, Proprietor.
I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours.
no27-1yr Wm. McDONALD.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR,
Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S.,
DENTIST.
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa.

Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.
I will visit Driftwood the first Tuesday, and Sinnemahoning the third Wednesday of each month.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts.,

LUCK IS YOURS.
You carry your luck with you. You are lucky indeed to have the privilege of dealing with us. Our customers set in the midst of good fortune and have a tight hold upon it. Once they have found us they cling to us the year through. 1899 will be your lucky year if you purchase of Dodson.

Religious

Services at Rich Valley church will be resumed again as usual at seven p. m., Sunday evening, Jan. 15. All are cordially invited.

History will tell about "Dewey" Hobson, Sampson and Americans protecting themselves from serious throat diseases by using "Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsey Drops." The greatest throat remedy in the world. Sold by druggist, R. C. Dodson. 6ly

Letters from the People.

[All communications under this head must be accompanied by the writer's name. We will not be held responsible for any expressions in this department.]—EDITOR.

There is Profit in Poultry.

Jan. 1, 1898, I had 17 hens and 1 cock which I inventoried at $9. I bought all the food fed for the year, except the refuse from the kitchen of which I make no account. I paid for food $7.58. Total $16.58. I set 3 hens, putting 13 eggs under each hen. They hatched 35 chickens; 3 of which died when only a few days old, and one old hen died. I have killed for the table 7 of the old fowls and 12 of this year's raising and 3 are gone for which I cannot account, leaving me 25 hens and 1 cock. These I inventory at $13 00
7 old fowls for table at 50c..... 3 50
12 young fowls for table at 25c. 3 00
I have received 1,725 eggs; take out 39 eggs set leaves 1,686 eggs used at 20c. per doz... 28 10
$47 60
Deduct inventory and cost of food 16 58
Gain on $9 investment..... $31 02

I have made all the fertilizer I have used on my garden of which I make no account.

I call these fair figures but lest some object to 20 cents per dozen for eggs we will figure them at 10 cents per dozen:
26 fowls..... $13 00
19 killed for table..... 6 50
140½ doz. eggs at 10c. per doz... 14 05
$33 55
See original inventory and cost of food..... 16 58
Gain on $9..... 16 97

JOHN DAY, SR.
Emporium, Pa., Jan. 1, 1899.

To Young Folk.

I will tell you something of the lives of two men with whom I was acquainted, which will serve to illustrate what I want to call your attention to.

One of these men was the grand-son of one of the first manufacturers to apply machinery to the manufacture of cloth in this country and bore his name. He had, when young, none of what people usually call bad habits; he neither smoked nor drank, was healthy, active and quick to learn; had all the money he needed and more too, without ever having earned a cent. Here was a mistake—he had no idea of the value of money or of time, but lived a careless, heedless life; drifted into bad habits and died years ago, of no good use in the world and a dishonor to his parents.

The other man when young started on the shoe bench, with nothing except what he could earn with his hands and no advantages of education. Having saved some money he started for an academy determined to learn. From this on it was study, work and work, study until he secured a diploma as M. D. Soon after he started a sanitarium where he received young people out of health and endeavored to build them up and make them hale, hearty and strong in body, and at the same time train them mentally. He surrounded himself with the most improved methods of doing both. He died within a year, honored and respected.

Now what I want to call your attention to is the difference in the lives of these two persons. One had an object in life and worked diligently; the other drifted. McKinley and Dewey are not made of driftwood; neither are any of the good business men and women in this or any other community. Don't drift—work, and work with an object. Aim high and then put forth all there is in you to reach your ideal.

Notice.

To any person having an account at our store, please call and settle at once as we are going to leave Emporium.
41-tf JOHN J. SOBLE.

Hamilton Ball.

Hamilton Hose Co., No. 3, will give their eighth annual ball and supper at the opera house, Manday evening, Feb. 13th. Tickets for dance, $1.00; supper,25 cents. The boys have engaged the popular DuBois Orchestra and a pleasant time may be expected. The object of the dance is to assist the company in building an addition to their hose house.

Bank Election.

At the annual meeting of the shareholders of the First National Bank the following directors were elected for the ensuing year: Geo. A. Walker, Wm. Howard, B. W. Green, W. S. Walker, N. Seger, J. E. Smith, J. P. Felt, W. L Sykes and Josiah Howard.

The staff of officers is as follows: President, Geo. A. Walker; Vice President, Wm. Howard; Solicitor, B. W. Green; Cashier, M. P. Whiting; Asst. Cashier, T. B. Lloyd.

Cameron's Oldest Lady Dead.

Last Sunday Mrs. Mahala Sibert the oldest lady within the confines of Cameron county passed tranquilly to her reward, at the home of her son James Seibert on Moore Hill, aged ninety-three years.

Mrs. Seibert was born in Somerset county, Pa., in 1806 and came to this county several years ago to reside with her son.

The funeral was held from Moore Hill M. E. church Tuesday afternoon and was largely attended.

Paid for Doing Good Work.

The Swedes have a custom which might profitably be copied by other nations. In the mines of that country the workmen have their tools sharpened by a special blacksmith, and he is paid, not by the number of tools sharpened, but by the number of yards bored by the miners whose instruments he has sharpened during the month. Thus, when the smith is skillful and does his best he makes more money than he does when his work is not well done, and there is a decided gain all around.

A Newspaper Worth Reading.

With a circulation showing a gratifying increase as compared with a year ago, with a more extensive advertising patronage than ever before, with added press facilities which permit of enlarged editions whenever necessary, The Pittsburg Times comes to the public for 1899. It modestly claims to be a good all-around newspaper, neglecting no opportunity to entertain its readers and sparing no effort or expense to get the news accurately and promptly. While it is Republican in politics it endeavors to be fair in discussion. Overlooking no field of human interest, it is carefully edited and courts the favor of the fireside rather than the applause of sensation mongers. For reference it submits to the unbiased judgment of newspaper men anywhere in the territory in which it circulates. Three dollars a year or six cents a week.

A Splendid Promotion.

Willard Fisher, agent for the Wisconsin Central here, has been given a splendid promotion by the company. He was called to Milwaukee yesterday and the officials offered him the position of traveling frieght agent. The promotion was such a desirable one that Mr. Fisher accepted and expects to assume his new duties on the first of the year. As general agent for the company Mr. Fisher is in line for rapid promotion to still higher positions if he displays the right ability and his past record is an indication that he will do it. Mr. Fisher is an Ashland young man who has lived here nearly all of his life and his advancement step by step with such regularity is very gratifying to the citizens. The people of Ashland will regret however that his new position will require his residence elsewhere. As traveling freight agent he will make his headquarters in Eau Claire and will move to that town with his bride.—Ashland News.

A Comic History of Spain.

The recent war was a very serious matter, but it had its funny phases. These have been put into jingling verse and merry prose by Charles M. Snyder, author of the famous comic history of Greece. It promises to be the literary laugh of the year and it will appear exclusively in "The Sunday Press," beginning Jan. 15. Each instalment will be illustrated in a lively way, quite in keeping with the text. Next Sunday's "Press" will also contain a visit to a dispensary by "Karl," Frank G. Carpenter's letter on the chances for investment in South America, a fashion article by the famous Anne Rittenhouse, and many other exclusive features which will interest every reader. Be sure to get next Sunday's "Press."

Maps for Ready Reference.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., has just issued in convenient form for household, library and school reference, an atlas of seven colored maps of the world, the United States and our new possessions in the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, together with an amount of valuable information connected therewith—all up to date. This atlas will be sent free to any address on receipt of six cents in postage.

Apply to Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, or to John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa.
45-2t

To California and Mexico.

On Thursday morning Mr. and Mrs. William Howard and Mr. and Mrs. Timothy S. Clark, will leave for an extended trip through California and Mexico. From this city the party will go New Orleans, then through Mexico to San Diego, California. After spending several weeks in that city they will go to San Francisco, making several stops en route. They will go on one of the Raymond excursions.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard may extend their trip to Australia, where a brother of Mr. Howard is located. The party expect to return about the middle of the month of April.—Williamsport Bulletin.

Blinzler—Flederman.

Mr. Edward Blinzler, one of Emporium's popular and prominent business men, goes to St. Marys on Sunday to prepare for his marriage on Monday, when he leads to the alter, Miss Minnie Flederman, one of St. Marys fair daughters. Their many Emporium friends wish them much happiness.

Mr. Blinzler has resided in Emporium all his life, where he is greatly respected by our citizens. By his quiet, industrious and gentlemanly application to business he has won the goodwill of our people and will make a model husband. The bride is well and favorably known in Emporium.

Cigars will be in order Monday evening when Mr. and Mrs. Blinzler return.

Byron King is Coming.

A local institute will be held in Emporium on Saturday, Feb. 4th. Those in charge of the institute are striving to present a very interesting and instructive program for the occasion, and in the evening our people will be afforded the opportunity of hearing the gifted elocutionist and declaimer Byron W. King.

Winter Garments.

As my room is limited I am compelled to sell a few ladies' all wool knit skirts, babies' coats, and some other articles at cost, to make room for spring stock.

MRS. E. O. BARDWELL.

Local Institute at Sterling Run.

We are requested to announce that a local institute will be held at Sterling Run on Jan. 21st, under the auspices of the teachers of the public schools at that place. All are cordially invited to attend.

Don't fail to visit our store every day. There's a bargain waiting you.
DAY'S.

Will You Attend?

All citizens of Cameron county who desire to attend the inauguration of Hon. Wm. A. Stone, Governor of Pennsylvania, at Harrisburg on Tuesday, Jan. 17th, may avail themselves of the one-fare rate ($5.75) offered the Emporium Republican Club.

Republican Nominating Convention.

The Republican electors of Shippen township, Pa , are hereby notified to meet in convention at Emporium, Saturday, Jan. 28th, 1899, at the Court House, between the hours of two and four o'clock, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the several township offices to be voted for at the election to be held on Tuesday, Feb. 21st, 1899.

The committee have concluded to adopt the ballot used at the last general election primary, therefore every person intending to be a candidate must have his name printed on said ballot. We have arranged with the CAMERON COUNTY PRESS establishment to print said ballots and in order that all candidates names may be printed we hereby give notice that they call at said office and pay the fee charged, when their names will appear on the official ballots. No other ballots can be used.

B. L. SPENCE,
GEO. W. VAN WERT,
JOHN W. LEWIS,
Shippen Committeemen.

Reduced Rates to Harrisburg via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Inauguration of Governor Stone.

For the accommodation of persons desiring to witness the ceremonies incident to the inauguration of Hon. W. A. Stone, as Governor of Pennsylvania, at Harrisburg, Janaary 17, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all stations on its line in Pennsylvania, to Harrisburg, on January 16 and 17, good to return until January 18, 1899, inclusive, at rate of single fare for the round trip (minimum rate twenty-five cents). Children between five and twelve years of age, half rates. 1206-46-1t

FLORIDA.

Fortnightly Tours via the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The midwinter exodus has begun. The discomforts and dangers of our Northern winter are directing attention to the sunny lands of the South.

The first Pennsylvania Railroad tour to Jacksonville, allowing two weeks in Florida, will leave New York and Philadelphia January 24.

Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth), and meals en route in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $60; Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, $48.00; Pittsburg, $53.00, and at proportionate rates from other points.

For tickets, itineraries, and other information apply to ticket agent, Tourist Agent at 1196 Broadway, New York, or to Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 1202-46-2t

CALIFORNIA.

Extraordinary Tour via the Pennsylvania Railroad.

America is a great country. In variety and grandeur of natural scenery it is unrivaled. To traverse it, to beheld its diversities and its wonders, is a liberal education, a revelation to the immured metropolitan citizen. The Personally-Conducted Tour to California under the direction of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which leaves on February 9, affords a most excellent opportunity to view the vast variety and boundless beauty of this marvelous land. The party will travel over the entire route in the model Pullman train of smoking, dining, sleeping, and observation cars exhibited at the World's Fair, Chicago, and subsequently at Atlanta, Nashville, and Omaha. This train will be placed in service for the first time on this occasion,and will in be charge of a Tourist Agent and Chaperon, who will look after all details of the trip, as well as the individual welfare of members of the party. Stops will be made at Mammoth Cave, New Orleans during the Mardi Gras Carnival, El Paso, Los Angeles, San Diego, Redlands, Riverside, Pasadena, Santa Barbara, Monterey, Del Monte, Santa Cruz, Mount Hamilton, Menlo Park, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Glenwood Springs, Colorado Springs, Manitou and Garden of the Gods, Denver, and Chicago. Nineteen days will be spent in California. Round-trip rate, including all necessary expenses during entire trip, $400 from all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad System east of Pittsburg; $395 from Pittsburg. For intinerary and full information apply to ticket agents; Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Stseet Station, Philadelphia. 1203-46-3t

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.
v31-n40-1y

Pressed Bricks.

Big line of underwear at N. Seger's.

Crushed oyster shells for poultry at DAY'S.

Good, well-made and comfortable clothing at N. Seger's.

The County Auditors are closing up their audit of county affairs.

R. Seger & Son, clothing merchants, are offering some after-holiday bargains. See ad.

The Hamilton Hose Co., are building an addition, 20x32, to their hose house. It will be used for a meeting room.

American Poultry Food is not a powder, but a food especially prepared for the production of eggs, and has met with pronounced success. On sale at Day's.

Gov. Wm. A. Stone will be inaugurated next Tuesday. Join the Republican Club and avail yourself of the cheap rate—$5.75 for round trip. Apply at this office not later than Saturday.

There are others, but none so good as Pratt's Food. Pigs fatten quickly, cows give more milk, and horses are free from colds. Eggs are more plentiful and poultry raising more profitable throughout the cold weather, especially if fed Pratt's Food and Poultry Powder. It does what is claimed for it. DAY'S.

To escape the grip and possibly the pneumonia, you must clothe yourself warmly. To do so you can to the best advantage secure just what you want by calling at that old and reliable clothing store of N. Seger, at the old stand. What you cannot get at Seger's in the clothing line there is no use in looking for elsewhere.

Civil Service examinations, open to all, will be held in most large towns in March, to get clerks for Uncle Sam. Persons wishing to know the dates and place and how the positions can be obtained can write Columbian Correspondence College, Department B, Washington, D. C., and same will be furnished without cost.

At the Musical College, Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., none but the best methods are used, so that to-day it is recognized as one of the foremost schools of music in the country. $33 will pay for a term of six weeks, instruction and board. Spring term will begin May 8. For catalogues address,
46-4t HENRY B. MOYER,
Director.

Death of Isaac A. Hirsch.

Isaac A. Hirsch, aged 76 years, is dead. The sad intelligence was announced last Monday evening. Mr. Hirsch, who had been in failing health during the past two years, had but recently returned from New York City, where he hoped to receive medical aid. Mr. Hirsch and family came to Emporium in 1873 and he has conducted a jewelry establishment in this place ever since. No citizen of Emporium has been held in higher esteem by all classes and creeds. Charitable to a fault, his last dollar always being given cheerfully to aid the afflicted and depressed. I. A. Hirsch will be pleasantly remembered by our citizens.

Mr. Hirsch was born in Germany in 1822 and after serving in the German army, learned the trade of jeweler, married and came to America with his most excellent wife, 1854. After a short residence in New York City he located at Rouseville, Pa., and came to Emporium in 1873. He and his estimable wife, (who is prostrated with grief and confined to her bed, her condition being quite serious,) reared a family of five children, all of whom are living and present to-day at the funeral: Alfred Hirsch, (son) of New York City; H. S. Ness, wife (daughter) and children, Johnsonburg; Richard H. Hirsch, (son) Emporium; David Weil, and wife, (daughter) Buffalo; Theo. Hirsch, (son) Buffalo.

Isaac A. Hirsch was an honored member of Emporium Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 382, and Emporium Chapter, No. 227. He has held a number of prominent elective positions and faithfully discharged the duties of every position called upon by his fellow citizens to fill.

THE FUNERAL.

The funeral was held this (Thursday) afternoon, from the family residence on Fifth street. Rev. J. M. Robertson, Rector of Emmanuel Church, conducted brief services, after which the Masonic fraternity took charge of the remains and directed the burial according to the rites of the order.

Education of Priests.

Cardinal Gibbons has issued a circular to be read in all of the Catholic churches in reference to the raising of funds for the education of young men for the priesthood. The departure is to be made this year from the customary method in this connection. Each church will be requested to contribute a fixed amount.

Lloyd's Long Range Forecast of the Weather FOR EMPORIUM AND VICINITY.

FRIDAY, - East wind; warmer; and snow, turning to rain.

SATURDAY West wind; colder; probably snow flurries. SUNDAY fair and cold.

January Thaw.

It is an old saying in this community, that we will have a "January thaw," the lumbermen specially looked forward to a January thaw, that would raise the streams sufficiently to cause a flood, that would float their logs to market. We hereby announce a January thaw in prices, so that our stock of goods will move out. January is the month when the store strips off much of the old stock to prepare room for the spring stock. A fruit tree starts the elements of next year's crop while this year's was ripening, so this store has worked out plans for this summers stock while we were serving you during the holidays Therefore the announcement of a January thaw in prices at Lloyds, will occur with much more certainty than the official weather guesser can fortell whether the January days will call for umbrellas or skates.

We regularly sell worthy goods cheapest.

Fourth Street.

H. S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

If per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued ntil arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

THE estimated value of the sultan's jewels is $40,000,000. If his majesty has any hobby at all it may be said to be the purchasing of jewels and witnessing private theatricals. No professional of note—be he actor, singer or conjurer—passes through Constantinople without an invitation from the sultan. He always pays for these performances in Bank of England notes.

RUSSIA possesses the largest standing army on earth. Every year some 280,000 conscripts join the Russian forces, which in time of peace number 1,000,000 men. On a war footing this rises to 2,500,000, and calling out the reserves would increase it to 6,947,000 well-trained soldiers. Should necessity arise the militia would be called out, bringing the czar's forces up to 9,000,000 men.

THERE is a foot-ball team of deaf and dumb players at Jacksonville, Ill., and during the season lately ended the eleven put up some astonishingly good work. The members of the team are pupils in the Illinois institution for the education of the deaf and dumb. F. P. Kawkner is captain of the team, and he handles his men with rare skill. All signals are given on the fingers. The players are as quick as cats; but their average weight is only 145 pounds.

MRS. SARAH JOSEPHA HALE, a Boston woman and editor of the first woman's magazine published in this country, worked for twenty years to have a definite day set apart for Thanksgiving. Time did not daunt her courage, but rather increased her insistence. She wrote to governors of states and to presidents of the United States. At last President Lincoln adopted her suggestion in 1864, when there was reason to rejoice over the success of the north in restoring the union.

DESPITE the growing difficulty of finding space for the interment of public men within the walls of Westminster Abbey, at least one noble family still enjoys a prescriptive right of burial there. These are the dukes of Northumberland, who have the exclusive use of a spacious vault in the chapel of St. Nicholas. This vault, which was the last resting place of the Seymours, was opened as recently as 1833 to receive the remains of Lady Louisa Percy, the elder sister of the present duke.

BARON FERDINAND, who died a few days ago, was the most popular member of the Rothschild family. An Austrian by birth, he was a naturalized Englishman and had sat in the house of commons for Breckinghamshire since 1885. He had no active relation with the firm, but his income as a silent partner is estimated at $1,000,000 year, of which he spent nearly a third in charity, relieving numberless cases of distress every year. He founded and handsomely endowed a hospital for children, with 300 beds, in memory of his wife.

THERE are now 50 young women studying at the college of agriculture, in Minneapolis. They are entered for the three-year course in farming and are to study side by side with the men, except that, instead of blacksmithing carpentry and military drill, they will be taught sewing, laundry work and cooking. Until now, young women who desired a course in agriculture had to solace themselves with such instruction as they could gain during the summer months when the men were away. This year their fortunes have changed.

THE founder of the Red Cross society was a Mr. Henri Dunant, who is still alive in his native land, Switzerland He spent half of a goodly fortune in establishing the society, and, becoming reduced in circumstances, lived until a short time ago in an infirmary Recently, however, various governments granted him money, and he is now spending his old age in comfort. His idea was the outcome of a visit to the battle field of Solferino, June 24, 1859, he being appalled by the terrible suffering he saw there. The only country which does not use the red cross is Turkey.

THE life of Calvin Stewart Brice was most extraordinary. It was wonderful in achievement and in method. He died in the prime of life, and he was known as the happiest millionaire in America. He had a genuine and wholesome joy in living, delight in his achievements. He had never known an important failure. He had always succeeded. At the time of his death he was engaged in the greatest enterprise of his life—the Chinese railroad syndicate—by which he expected to double his fortune. Mr. Brice violated every estabilsed rule for getting rich, and died worth $10,000,000.

NEBRASKA WELCOMES BRYAN.

You are coming, Col. Bryan, from the sickly southern swamp,
And we'll be on hand to greet you with some military pomp;
Though you faced no Mauser bullets, flying thickly through the air,
No one blames you, Col. Bryan, for you wanted to be there.

You are coming, Col. Bryan, from the scenes of war and strife
To enjoy the better portion of a peaceful civil life;
When you come in all your glory will you rest till you are strong,
And then wake the western echoes with your old free silver song?

You are coming, Col, Bryan, and I hope you'll state to me
What your secret plan and purpose for the future is to be;
Will you take the lecture platform to obtain your daily bread?
Will the ones who go to hear you put up 50 cents a head?

You are coming, Col. Bryan, and I'm glad to see you come,
Far from miasmatic regions and the blare of fife and drum;
You had military lockjaw, so they tell me, in the south—
Do you come back, Col, Bryan, to do battle with your mouth?

You are coming, Col. Bryan, to Nebraska, that is plain;
We will bid you hearty welcome, we will meet you at the train.
That we are glad to see you you are very sure to find,
But our hearts are somewhat heavy for the boys you left behind.

Will you suffer, Col. Bryan, any pangs to speak about
When you think of the dear comrades you have left to tough it out?
Did you think how sadly, colonel, these young heroes would be missed
In the homes they left behind them when you asked them to enlist?

You are coming, Col. Bryan—this glad fact is fully known,
But you started with a thousand and are coming back alone.
That is where the old shoe pinches—that's what vexes and annoys—
And were I in your place, colonel, I would never leave the boys.

—Lincoln (Neb.) State Journal.

THE PRESIDENT'S PLATFORM.

Plainly Declared by Mr. McKinley in His Speeches in the South.

President McKinley, while traveling through states which voted for Bryan, said at Savannah: "Our financial and revenue policies cannot be changed for at least four years, and whatever legislation may be had affecting them during that period will be to improve and strengthen, not destroy them." That was plain-spoken enough for anybody. And the president proceeded to say why it should be so. Internal dissensions, as between parties and policies, must cease while the country, without regard to party, unitedly meets the foreign problems which newly present themselves.

The president somewhat slyly intimated that even those who might desire different internal policies—and cannot get them—have the satisfaction of sharing in the prosperity that comes from confidence in permanence, and from absence of the fear of change.

Having thus announced the platform to which he and his party and the majority of his fellow-citizens are devoted for internal affairs, the president gave his views of what may be called the country's foreign policy. These views were ennobled because they took for their mainspring the purpose conveyed in these words. "The chief consideration is one of duty." The president, boldly declaring his policy as favoring the retention of the Philippines, made one of the most concise summaries of argument yet presented when he said: "Can we leave these people who, by the fortunes of war and our own acts, are helpless and without government, to chaos and anarchy after we have destroyed the only government they have had?" It was a quite memorable saying when he remarked: "Whatever covenants duty has made for us in the year 1898 we must keep." And the encouragement for this resolve was found in the fact that "final success in a cause which is altogether unselfish and humanitarian can only be deferred, not prevented."

It becomes a historical picture when the president of the United States takes the occasion of a visit to a section of the country once in revolt to declare frankly the policy and its declaration are timely. The country is thus given a large disclosure of where it is and whither it is tending.—Troy Times.

PRESS OPINIONS.

☞No man ever in the white house was more popular with the masses than is the present occupant.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞He is the first republican president who has been regarded as truly the chief magistrate of the entire union. He is so regarded, and has been treated accordingly.—N. O. Picayune (Dem.).

☞Mr. Bryan says that the democratic platform of 1900 will include free silver and anti-expansion. It would be characteristic of the democratic party to favor freedom for materials and oppose freedom for men.—Troy Times.

☞The next national democratic platform, according to Mr. Bryan, will be a repetition of the Chicago platform with a new plank opposing expansion. Nothing more will be needed to insure a republican walk-over.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞One peculiarity of President McKinley's speeches which doubtless helped to arouse the enthusiasm of the southerners is noticeable in the fact that his tributes to the south were extemporaneous instead of encyclopedic.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

☞Surviving confederates, their sons and the sons of their dead comrades in arms, no matter how they may differ from Maj. McKinley on questions of policy and the practicalities of government, will never cease to regard him with friendship and gratitude for the brave and healing words he has spoken above the grave of sectionalism.—St. Louis Republic (Dem.).

THE SPIRIT OF PROGRESS.

An American Birthright That Calamity Howlers Cannot Daunt Nor Spoil.

President McKinley said in a historic document that the purpose of this country was not aggressive. The document itself and the results which followed it proved that while the national spirit is not aggressive it is progressive. When the way is opened, as it has been during the present year by the course of inevitable events, the American people must go forward, and will. It is as useless to try to stop this movement as it would be to attempt to check the rising tide from flooding every opened channel. The forward movement is in the blood.

That this indomitable progress is the American birthright was illustrated conspicuously at the annual dinners of the New England societies of New York and Brooklyn. The societies themselves are witnesses to the persistence from generation to generation of the spirit of the Mayflower. The men who were present at the dinners were the most recent leaders in the advance movement. At the New York dinner were Gen. Merritt, Gens. Shafter and Wheeler, Col. Roosevelt, Capt. Taylor, of the Indiana, and others who have carried the flag across seas because the American spirit of progress was in them and with them and behind them.

Gov.-elect Roosevelt, who could speak as a type of both civic and military victories, with great pertinence traced the sea victories of 1898 back to the sea crossing of 1620, to the stock "which carried the Bible in one hand and in the other the sword." "The good man who cannot make his virtue practical," said Col. Roosevelt, "counts for very little in the community."

The Puritan who, as has been humorously said, "first fell upon his knees and then upon the aborigines," did both because he could not help it. It was the union of faith and works, on which the world's progress has been based. It was "the sword of the Lord and of Gideon." The sun drives away the clouds, and the rushing breeze the deadly vapors of stagnation, without any apologies. "Men of thought and men of action" must clear the way. It is the pioneer making the clearing. Spain should have kept her fences in order and her cattle off the track. The train cannot stop to save material for a bullfight.

This idea of the compulsion of the inward sense of duty has not been put with more forcible conciseness than by Col. Roosevelt when he said at Brooklyn: "I have scant sympathy with that mock humanitarianism which would prevent the great, free, liberty-loving races of the earth from doing their duty in the world's waste spaces because there must be some rough surgery at the outset."—Troy Times.

OUR CHEAP MONEY.

A Direct Result of the Sound Money Policy of Republicans.

Heretofore those advocating the free and independent coinage of silver have based one of their favorite arguments upon the assumption that the United States is a borrowing nation, and that a cheap and larger volume of money at home was necessary to deliver the American people out of the grip of the foreign money lender. We were told that a gold policy was the policy of foreign money lenders and would surely make us their slaves. Many people were led to believe this assumption. We have been a debtor nation, but that day is of the past. The latest evidence that such is not the case and that the United States have become not only a creditor nation, but one of the world's financial centers, is presented in the statement of Mr. Eckels and in the fact that Russia has passed by Berlin and London and made an effort to place her bonds in the United States. In financial circles it is said that "money is the cheapest thing in America." This is not true of New York alone, but it is true in a degree here in Indianapolis, when a ten-year municipal bond bearing 3½ per cent. has been sold to local financial houses at the equivalent of 3.22 per cent.

The causes of this abundance of cheap and good money in the United States have been told many times. We are producing $60,000,000 in gold annually and it stays at home. The payments of dividends and interest on stocks and bonds will set $100,000,000 afloat. To pay off a portion of the money due us as balance in trade $75,000,000 came to us during October and November. Much more is yet due us, because a favorable trade balance seems to have been permanently established. This opinion is not based upon the assumption that we will always be selling Europe so large a volume of breadstuffs and provisions as now, but because we have come to the condition when we can sell the outside world as much in value of manufactured goods as foreigners sell to us. For years the excess of our imports of manufactured merchandise has been so large that it has taken all of our surplus of the products of the soil to square the account. Thanks to the republican policy, we are a great competitor in the world of manufactures as well as the products of the soil. Because of that policy and by reason of its great fight in 1896 against the silver heresy, the United States is to-day a creditor nation.—Indianapolis Journal.

☞The other day William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, the most prolific producer of noise in this country, bearded the lion in his den by actually venturing into the New York residence of Dr. John H Guerdner, president of the Society for the Suppression of Unnecessary Noise. What happened during the interview is not reported, but Mr. Bryan finally escaped apparently unsuppressed After this no one can question Mr. Bryan's courage.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

WON IN CAUCUS.

Mr. Quay Secures the Nomination for Senator.

He Receives 109 Out of the 164 Republican Votes in Pennsylvania's Legislature—The Others Were Absent—Opponents Claim His Defeat is Certain.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 4.—Despite the efforts of the opponents of Senator Quay to secure a postponement of the senatorial caucus until a later date, the adherents of the senator carried their point last night and secured the endorsement of their favorite by 109 of the 164 republican members of the legislature. This is 19 less than the number required to elect a senator on joint ballot, the total membership being 254, of which 128 is a majority. The anti-Quay leaders are jubilant over the result of the caucus and claim that Quay can never succeed himself in the senate.

On the other hand the Quay people and Senator Quay himself express confidence of ultimate victory. They say that of the absentees two, Snyder and Clark, are kept away by sickness and will vote for Quay. This would leave him 17 votes short of the number necessary to elect and the efforts of the Quay leaders will be directed during the next two weeks toward securing those votes. It goes without saying that they will be just as bitterly opposed in the future by the men who make the fight against Mr. Quay as they have been in the past. The caucus was held in the hall of the house of representatives. The public was admitted by ticket to the gallery and this was packed to suffocation.

The Quay leaders during the past few days have been claiming anywhere from 118 to 135 votes in the caucus. The fact that the actual figure was away below their lowest claim is regarded by many here as a great disappointment to them. This class of prophets is strong in the belief that Quay is beaten. Undoubtedly the decision of Senator David Martin to remain out of the caucus had much to do with the success of the anti-Quay people. Senator Quay has expressed confidence all along that Martin would be with him when the time came to make his vote effective, but others well informed have felt that if Martin found it possible to defeat Quay he would throw all his political power against him.

All agree that much depends upon the action that the state supreme court will take in Philadelphia on January 7 on the proceedings brought before that body through a writ granted recently, the effect of which is to bring the criminal proceedings against Quay before the court of review. If the proceedings are quashed by the supreme court Mr. Quay will assuredly be re-elected. If, on the contrary, the court decides that he must stand trial on the indictments found against him, the position of his opponents will be greatly strengthened.

Senator Grady, of Philadelphia, presided over the caucus. He called the assemblage to order and made a speech, reminding the party representatives present that the duty of selecting a man to represent Pennsylvania and the party in the United States senate for the next six years was a grave responsibility.

The roll call showed 27 of the 37 republican members of the senate present and 81 of the 127 members of the house, a total of 108. Later Representative Harold, of Senator Quay's county of Beaver came in, increasing the total to 109. He voted for Quay.

Senator Merrick, of Tioga, who had been selected to place Mr. Quay in nomination, did his work well. When he had finished with the mention of the name of Quay the vast crowd present was brought into prolonged applause. The nominating speech was a glowing eulogy of Senator Quay's career, his zeal in the performance of public duty and his patriotism.

Speaker Farr made a brief speech explaining why he would vote for Mr. Quay, as did also Senator McCarrell, of Dauphin, and Representative Adams, of Philadelphia; Kreps, of Franklin; and Harris, of Clearfield. Then Senator Magee, of Allegheny, the man who is looked upon by many as being a possible successor to Senator Quay, took the floor. He made a brief speech nominating Benjamin F. Jones, of Pittsburg, once chairman of the republican national committee, and a great iron manufacturer. The ballot was then taken, the result being Quay 98, Jones 9, Magee 2.

As soon as the vote was announced Mr. Magee said: "I now move that the nomination of Mr. Quay be made unanimous." The outburst of applause which followed this motion was by far the greatest demonstration of the night. Cheer followed cheer and the Allegheny man who has so long fought Mr. Quay was the lion of the hour. The motion was carried and an adjournment was taken.

Eleven Sailors Drowned.

London, Jan. 4.—The Italian steamer Voorwarts has been abandoned near Trevose Head, on the west Cornwall coast. She went ashore in the gale that has been raging in the Irish channel. Eleven of the crew were drowned. Nine were rescued by the coast guard life boat.

Big Gain in Government Receipts.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The monthly statement of the receipts and expenditures of the United States shows that the total receipts for December were $41,404,793, as compared with $59,646,698 for December, 1897. This last amount, however, includes about $31,000,000 receipts on account of the Pacific railroads' debt. Independent of those payments the increase for the last month as compared with the same month in 1897 was about $13,400,000. The receipts from customs last month were $16,764,324, an increase over December, 1897, of $5,100,000.

THE SENATORIAL INSTINCT.

A Detroit Cat That Was Likened Unto the Luxurious Statesman.

"I guess I just about have the blue-ribbon cat story," declared one of the employes at a Detroit depot. "We had a big tom here that was a favorite for months. He never did anything worse than to whip an occasional dog that came prowling about, or scratch some kid that wanted to carry him off. But he became fat, lazy, self-important and impudent. He asserted a right to be on top of the desks, and resented the noise of a typewriter when he wanted to take his afternoon nap.

"So another of the boys and myself slipped Tom into a box car, and sent him to Chicago. There was no chance for him to escape, for it was a tight box car, with the doors sealed, and billed through.

"Two weeks later there came a carload of furniture from Chicago, and after it had been shunted to a side track the work of unloading was begun. The men scattered when they saw a pair of fiery eyes working toward them through chair legs and over carpet rolls. While they were arming themselves with coupling pins in order to resist the attack of some wild 'critter,' a long, lean and hungry-looking cat sprang out, blinked till he became accustomed to the light and then trotted to my office. There he gave me an ugly leer, winked at the clerks and curled up on a window sill in the sun. I accepted old Tom and now call him 'Senator.'"

"Why Senator?"

"Because he knew a good thing and was so anxious to get back."—Detroit Free Press.

COULDN'T FOOL HIM.

How a Colored Boy Knew Joseph Jefferson Was Not a Circus Rider.

Joseph Jefferson and his son Tom were walking home from a duck hunt on his plantation in Louisiana one evening, when one of the colored boys asked Tom what he did in the show. Tom said:

"Go up, John, and ask him! he'll tell you."

The colored boy went up to Mr. Jefferson and said:

"Mr. Joe, will you be mad if I axed you somethin'?"

"No, John, what it is?" said Mr. Jefferson.

"What do you do in de show?"

Mr. Jefferson replied that it would be rather difficult for him to explain to him what his particular line of business was.

"Well," said John, "dus yer swallow knives?"

Mr. Jefferson told him he had no talent whatever in that direction.

"Well, yer son told me yed swallowed knives and forks and fire, and de Lor' knows what all, and I believe he was jest foolin' me."

Mr. Jefferson agreed with him, saying that his son was quite capable of it.

"Well, dere's one thing certain," said John, "yer don' act in de circus."

Mr. Jefferson asked him how he could be sure of that. John burst into an immoderate fit of laughter.

"O, no; no sir! Yer can't fool me on dat. I've seen yer get on a horse—yer ain't no circus actor."—Boston Globe.

May Bring Leprosy to This Country.

It is pointed out that the United States soldiers in Hawaii may contract leprosy there, and bring it to this country when they return. While leprosy is much to be dreaded, there are a thousand times as many victims to stomach disorders and blood diseases, but there is a cure for them in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Other common ailments that the Bitters are a specific for are malaria, fever and ague. Sold at all drug stores.

Perfectly Harmless.

Dix—I once knew a young man who smoked 50 cigarettes daily without any particular harm resulting therefrom.

Hix—Is it possible?

"Yes; and the only noticeable effect was the death of the smoker."—Chicago Evening News.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

A Dissenter.

The Speaker—Wealth is not to be attained by short cuts.

The Butcher—Oh, I don't know!—Indianapolis Journal.

Nothing in which a few dollars may be invested will return so good a dividend, and in so short a time, as the artificial raising of Poultry by use of Incubators. But you must get a good Incubator to start with, not necessarily an expensive one. Any maker of a first-class incubator will not fear to let you try it before you pay him for it. The Buckeye Incubator Co., of Springfield, O., make an Incubator as cheap as $5.00, which they sell on these terms. Send 4c for No. 129 catalogue.

He Knew Not All.

He—You think you know it all, don't you?

Him—No; I have never been able to figure out any reason for you being alive.—Indianapolis Journal.

A clean man will not live in a dirty house.—Ram's Horn.

The Good

It will do you to take Hood's Sarsaparilla is beyond estimation. It will give you warm, rich, nourishing blood, strengthen your nerves, tone your stomach, create an appetite, and make you feel better in every way. It is a wonderful invigorator of the system and wards off colds, fevers, pneumonia and the grip. The best winter medicine is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all dealers in medicine. Price $1.

Hood's Pills cure biliousness, indigestion.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee.

The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee.

It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Try Grain-O!

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O Accept no imitation.

SPRAINS

BAD
WORSE
WORST

Can be promptly cured without delay or trifling by the

GOOD
BETTER
BEST

remedy for pain,

ST. JACOBS OIL.

DO YOU COUGH

DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

CATALOGUES OF THOUSANDS OF
PLAYS! PLAYS!
SENT FREE SENT FREE

Largest Assortment in the World. All kinds of Books for Home Amusements, including 100 New Plays Just Issued. Charades, Reciters, Children's Plays, Negro Plays, Dialogues, Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works, Fairy Plays, Paper Scenery, Plays for Male Characters only, Tableaux Vivants, Make-Up Materials, Amateur's Guide to the Stage, Guide to Selecting Plays, "How to Make Up." SAM'L FRENCH, 26 West 22d Street, New York City.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

His call had lasted something like two hours when he suggested that he believed he could read her thoughts. "Then why don't you go?" she asked.—Town and Country Journal.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The man who is full of himself hasn't much space to fill anyhow.—Town Topics.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lotz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

Too many make a god out of the majority.—Ram's Horn.

The Ills of Children.

Dr. Hartman offers his advice to parents on the treatment of coughs and colds.

LEARN to guard against colds. Nearly all the ills of children begin with taking cold. If your child catches cold don't wait a moment before attacking that cold.

To the ignorance or neglect of parents is due the fatal termination of many children's complaints.

If you are not informed as to the proper course to pursue to drive off a child's cold, write to Dr. Hartman, president of the Surgical Hotel, Columbus, O., for advice, and ask for some of his free books which contain the most pertinent facts about colds and coughs and all catarrhal diseases

Pe-ru-na, Dr. Hartman's great prescription, is wholly vegetable. It wards off colds entirely if taken at the beginning in proper doses. It breaks up settled colds quickly; it is scientific and safe; there is no mystery about it. Dr. Hartman's books tell just how it acts and why. All druggists sell it.

Mrs. C. T. Rogers, Elgin, Ill., says. *Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, O.*

DEAR SIR:—"Your medicine saved my baby's life. We stopped all treatment but yours, and now he is a beautiful boy. It was certainly a miracle."

MRS. Becking, East Toledo, O., writes to the Pe-ru-na Medicine Co.:

DEAR SIRS:—"Pe-ru-na is the best medicine I ever had in my house. My children had a bad cough, and one of them had the lung fever. I cured them all with Pe-ru-na."

Proper knowledge of the treatment of coughs and colds is of the first importance to parents. This knowledge is offered free All catarrhal diseases succumb to Pe-ru-na.

EMPRESS JOSEPHINE.

She Was a Native of the Pretty Isle of Martinique.

The People of That Happy Little Community Have Honored Their Most Famous Daughter with a Grand Monument.

It has been said that places as well as people, songs as well as perfumes, elude description. This may be aptly applied to the island of Martinique, the pearl of the Lesser Antilles, a neighbor of that spot upon which the keen interest of the world has been centered within recent months.

A century ago, however, it was Venus, not Mars, that became the ruling deity over Martinique, it having won undying luster for being the birthplace of Josephine Tascher de la Pagerie, known in after years as the wife of Napoleon—Josephine, empress of the French.

The childhood of Marie Joseph Rose Tascher de la Pagerie—afterward abbreviated to Josephine—was one calculated to enhance those physical charms for which she was always noted. Her father's home was built on one of the great hills at Grois Islets, overlooking the Bay of Fort de France. Here one can imagine Josephine in her childish days, and in the sadder time when, during her poverty and her separation from Beauharnais, she returned to Martinique. At 12 years of age the embryo empress was sent to a convent, but she always disliked the restraint of her clothing or to be cramped in her movements. She ran, jumped and danced from morning till night. Josephine's foster-sister, Euphemie, was her chosen comrade, and accompanied her, when in her tenth year, to the Caribbean prophetess who foretold so accurately what was to befall her. She had then almost arrived at woman's estate, but had not yet that molded figure which became later her chief charm. She played, it is said, most

STATUE OF JOSEPHINE.
(Erected by the People of Fort de France, Martinique.)

pleasingly on the guitar, had a sweet voice for ballad singing and danced divinely.

It was to Mme. Renaudin, her aunt, that Josephine owed her first marriage to Alexander de Beauharnais, at the age of 15. It was merely an alliance of convenience, so that the unhappiness of the young couple was not surprising; but in the end the union turned out better than had been anticipated, and through it all Josephine was loved and respected to the last.

There is no doubt that during all those years of storm and stress of the wonderful life she led in France Josephine always looked to Martinique with affectionate remembrance.

The people of her beloved island, in memory of its most famous woman, have erected one of the most beautiful statues of modern times, and it stands as guard to the shining waters of Fort de France bay.

A Romance of Science.

A single fine Russian sable skin is worth from $100 to $250. It is a tiny thing, about 14 inches long by eight or nine inches around. A bale of dressed sable skins as it hangs in the furrier's shop resembles a bundle of long suede gloves; they are hung up wrong side out, and are all numbered and price marked in indelible ink. The most perfect skins are tipped with silvery hairs, which greatly increase their beauty. The pelt, when dressed, is soft and fine, while the fur is a lovely dark brown, which shows a bluish tint, like that of a ripe Concord grape, when the hair is blown apart by the breath. The skins are entire, being taken from the animal without cutting except for a tiny incision at the throat and on the inner side of each delicate little foot, thus leaving the head and claws intact.

Where the Shah Sits.

The shah of Persia owns the most valuable arm chair in the world. It is of solid gold, inlaid with precious stones. At one time some of the stones were stolen from one of the legs of the chair, and the indignant shah ordered the arrest of a number of his servants and held the keeper of the furniture responsible for the loss, with the intimation that if the thief were not discovered, the keeper would be beheaded. The culprit, being eventually found, was forthwith beheaded and his head carried on a pole by the imperial bodyguard through the streets of Teheran.

A Natural Sun Dial.

The largest sun dial in the world is Hayou Horoo, a large promontory extending 3,000 feet above the Aegean sea. As the sun swings round the shadow of this mountain it touches, one by one, a circle of islands, which act as hoar marks.

HASTINGS' MESSAGE.

The Governor of Pennsylvania Talks Plainly Regarding Some Reforms that are Needed.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 4.—Gov. Hastings, who will retire from the gubernatorial chair on January 17, sent his annual message to the legislature yesterday. The message shows the state revenues for the year ended November 30, 1898, to have been $13,325,120, and the expenditures $13,973,834. The net debt of the state is $1,025,982, no part of which can be paid until 1912. The governor says:

"The operation of the act of the last legislature providing for the payment of interest by banks in which state funds are deposited shows that while this interest law is an improvement, and indicates the enormons sums which the state might have received during past years, yet it does not correct the evil which it was intended to correct. While it may be true that the state has lost no moneys deposited in the various banks, it cannot be questioned that in the past the public funds have been used for political purposes by depositing them in favorite banks, where such deposits were expected to yield returns in the shape of political influence. This system cannot be defended. The evil will never be corrected until the state keeps its own money in its own vaults."

The governor urges the legislature to adopt a memorial to congress to authorize the selection of senators by popular vote. The governor criticises the new state Capitol, erected to take the place of the building destroyed by fire in February, 1897. The new building, he says, in its present condition "is hardly fit for human habitation, much less the official abode of the representatives of the commonwealth. It is made of common brick imbedded in cheap mortar, looks like a hastily erected factory building and is repulsive to the eye.

SUCCESSFUL BANDITS.

They Rob an Express Car Attached to a Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Memphis Train.

Mansfield, Mo., Jan. 4.—The ninth and first successful attempt at train robbery on the line of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis road occurred last night near Macomb, a station five miles east of this point. Macomb being a flag station, one of the robbers got aboard the westbound train at Norwood, the first station east of Macomb, paying his fare to Macomb, and compelling the train to stop there. It was immediately boarded by five or six masked men, who, covering all members of the train crew with Winchesters and revolvers, compelled the engineer and fireman to cut loose from the remainder of the train.

The mail, baggage and express cars were then run up the line about two miles and stopped in a lonely cut, where Engineer Callender was placed in front of the robbers and forced to break open the door of the express car, after which he was placed in front of the foremost robber and together they entered the express car, covering Southern Express Messenger Newton and Baggagemaster Sieben with their pistols, forcing them to adjourn to the outside of the car. They then dynamited the through safe. Two charges of dynamite were used, completely demolishing the safe of the Southern Express Co. and playing havoc with the car.

It is not known how much money and valuables were secured, as the safe blown open was a through safe. Everything was taken from it and it is safe to say they were well paid for their trouble. The local safe, which contained all local money picked up, was not molested.

SAUCY FILIPINOS.

They Notify Americans Not to Land at Iloilo with Arms in Their Hands.

Manila, Jan. 4.—Advices just received from Iloilo says that the rebels, at a meeting on Saturday, ratified the action of a delegation which assured the Americans that they might land unarmed, but if the latter landed armed the natives would be uncontrollable.

Every preparation is being made for resistance upon the part of the rebels and reinforcements are arriving from Negros and the neighboring islands, in spite of the efforts of the United States cruiser Baltimore and the gunboat Arizona to scare them with searchlights. The Spanish gunboat El Cano is still at Iloilo, but as her status is not defined she has not been molested. It is understood that she is destined to go to Zamboanga, a town on the southwest extremity of the island of Mindanao.

The American troops are restless. The rebels are drilling on the beach, evening and morning, in full view of the American expedition, which is still afloat.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Gen. Otis, commanding at Manila, has cabled the war department that Gen. Miller has the situation well in hand at Iloilo, and that he fully understands the purpose of the president not to crowd the insurgents unduly. It is desirable that a hostile collision between the American forces and the insurgents be avoided, at least pending the ratification of the peace treaty, and as Gen. Miller understands this purpose on the part of the president he will be guided by it and may be relied upon to resort to force only under compulsion.

Alleged Frauds Foot Up $500,000.

New York, Jan. 4.—David Rothschild, the Cincinnati bar fixture manufacturer who was arrested last week, charged with having swindled the Central national bank of $5,000 by means of worthless notes, was again arraigned in police court yesterday. At the request of Rothschild's counsel examination was postponed until the 12th inst. The aggregate amount alleged to have been obtained by Rothschild in a dishonest method from banks in this city, Cincinnati, Chicago and Cleveland is said to be about $500,000.

BEARD ON THE BEEF.

Maj. Harrison Said that After this Growth was Removed No Fault Could be Found with the Soldiers' Ration.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Major Hopkins, military aide to the secretary of war, testified yesterday before the war investigation commission regarding sanitary conditions at the camps at Tampa, Thomas and Alger. It was the old question of sinks, drainage and camp police and the testimony of the witness was little different from preceding witnesses.

Maj. Harrison, Ninth volunteer infantry, whose regiment was raised near New Orleans and is now in service at Santiago, was next called. Concerning commissary stores he said those in the United States were the best that could be bought in the open market. The refrigerated beef sent from this country, he said, was excellent. He had much experience with refrigerated meat and he said that while there was some disposition on the part of the regimental cooks to cavil at the appearance of the meat, it was in reality quite good. He explained that the sudden change of temperature on removing the meat from the refrigerator ships produced what is known as a "beard," a greenish growth that had to be scraped off. When this was done the meat beneath was perfectly good. It was served to the men with excellent results and benefited the sick materially.

The chief trouble came when the change was made to hoof cattle sent from Porto Rico. This beef he killed himself and superintended its dressing and cooling. "But it would not cool in that climate," he said emphatically. "The meat never lost its animal heat and with its use our sickness increased 10 per cent."

On the canned meat Maj. Harrison said that it was equally as good as the refrigerator beef, was well received by the men and none of it had to be condemned.

Witness said he was thoroughly familiar with the processes of refrigerating and butchering meat, and he was willing to state positively that there were no chemicals used in any of the American beef that passed under his observation. On the contrary there were no chemical preparations that could be used on the meat with advantage to the packers without ruining their product before they could get it to the army. He regarded it as highly improbable that anything of the sort had been attempted.

A CAUSELESS SCARE.

Residents of Santiago Got a Wrong Idea of the Meaning of an Order Relating to Tariff Revenues.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Regarding the sensational reports from Santiago that the whole province had been inflamed by the recent order of the war department "concentrating all customs money in Havana," thus threatening a stoppage of all public improvements and threatening to throw thousands of Cubans out of employment, it may be authoritatively stated that any excitement existing in Santiago is due to a misapprehension of the war department's order.

It seems to have been taken for granted that the order contemplates sending all currency collected for customs dues to Havana, thus cutting off the governor of Santiago province from the employment of local labor. The fact is that the officers in charge of customs at the various ports of entry are merely ordered to "make weekly reports to the collector of customs of the island at the chief port of all transactions at the sub-port over which he may have jurisdiction, with copies of entries of merchandise duly certified." The customs from all the ports in the island are to be used for the betterment of the condition of the Cubans, not only in Havana and Santiago, but elsewhere.

It would be just as equitable for the port of New York to retain all the customs funds collected there for expenditure in the island of Manhattan as it would be for Havana or Santiago or any other town in Cuba to gobble all of the customs receipts for expenditure within its own borders. So far from the war department contemplating any curtailment of the relief work in Cuba, an order already has been issued to the governor general, directing him to furnish work to every able-bodied Cuban applying for it at a fair rate of weekly wages, measured by Cuban standards.

A SHOWER OF GIFTS.

Chicago University Receives Donations of Lands and Cash Amounting to $403,000.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—President Harper, of Chicago University, announced last night at the 27th convocation of the university that gifts aggregating $403,000 had been made to the institution. Martin A. Ryerson, president of the board of trustees, donated a tract of land adjoining that now occupied by the university. The value of this is $34,000. John D. Rockefeller had promised to duplicate the gift in cash, thus making $68,000. Marshall Field gave a tract of land adjoining that given by Mr. Ryerson and which has been used by the university as an athletic field. The value of this land is estimated at $135,000. Mr. Rockefeller agreed that when this was given to the school he would give $200,000 for the building of a gymnasium and the equipment of the athletic grounds. The university has, heretofore, received $169,000 in land value and will now receive from Mr. Rockefeller $234,000 in cash.

A Walkover for Davis.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 5.—The republican members of the two houses of the legislature met in caucus last night to nominate a successor to United States Senator Cushman K. Davis, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee and American peace commissioner at Paris. The caucus was entirely a formal affair, there being no opposition and the republicans having a majority of 90 in the legislature. Senator McArthy nominated Cushman K. Davis. The roll call resulted in 127 votes for Senator Davis, that being the number present,

AN ABLE STATE PAPER.

The First Message of Gov. Roosevelt to the New York Legislature Deals with Questions of Vital Interest.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 5.—The state legislature convened yesterday. In both the assembly and the senate the republican caucus nominees were elected. Fred Dixon, of Chautauqua county, was made speaker of the assembly and Archie Paxter, of Chemung, was chosen clerk. In the senate T. E. Ellsworth, of Niagara county, and James S. Whipple, of Cattaraugus county, were elected temporary chairman and clerk respectively. After a brief address by Lieut. Gov. Woodruff, the annual message of Gov. Roosevelt was read.

Gov. Roosevelt opened with congratulations to nation and state on the brilliant triumphs of the war. "The tropic islands we have taken," the governor said, "must neither be allowed to lapse into anarchy nor to return under the sway of tyranny."

On canals Gov. Roosevelt said: "The canals are at present in such condition that the money already expended will avail nothing if the work is discontinued. Expenditures that can be made within the constitution should be authorized. The canals should be administered economically. Any man, whether public servant or contractor, who in any way defrauds the state to his private gain, must be dealt with as rigorously as the laws will permit."

As to labor interests, the message contains several important suggestions for bettering conditions. The governor said that the enforcement of the law regulating the hours of labor for minors is left to the board of health in large cities, and if the board fails to do its work the law, "as in the case of New York City," is practically a dead letter. As to the law regulating the hours of labor on surface roads, the governor said it practically fails by default because the railroad commissioners, who have its enforcement, have no force to use for such a purpose. In order that the desire of the people shall be made effective, the governor recommends that the enforcement of the entire body of legislation relating to labor be placed under the board of factory inspectors. This would place the responsibility where it belongs.

In speaking of the national guard, the governor said it was a mistake to order out the guard for long campaign service, as many of the men lost their jobs in consequence and families were deprived of their support. He thought this was one of the best arguments for an increased standing army. In the event of another war, the governor said, it would be best to order out the guard for service in the United States alone.

Regarding the civil service, Gov. Roosevelt said: "The methods of appointments to the civil service of the state are now in utter confusion, no less than three systems being in effect. I recommend that a law be passed introducing one uniform practice."

Gov. Roosevelt invited attention to the evils of over-legislation. "The state suffers more from over-legislation than from the lack of legislation," he said. The governor recommended biennial sessions of the legislature.

Of New York's police system he said: "The evils of the police system of New York have become very serious."

Gov. Roosevelt devoted but a few lines to excise. He said the present law had proved the best revenue raiser on the statute books.

MR. QUAY'S INNOCENCE.

Men Who Stayed Out of the Caucus Say He Must Establish It Before They Will Vote for Him.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 5.—The republican senators and members who signed the pledge not to take part in Tuesday night's senatorial caucus organized yesterday to keep up the fight against Senator Quay until after the supreme court has disposed of the People's bank conspiracy cases. The meeting was attended by nearly all the signers and two others who did not sign, but kept away from the caucus.

Senator Flynn said that he interpreted the pledge binding the independents to keep out of the caucus to mean that they would not vote for Mr. Quay until the supreme court has disposed of the conspiracy cases, and that if the senator was in no better position after its action than he is now they cannot vote for his re-election.

Senator-elect David Martin, of Philadelphia, who will be qualified January 17, when the house and senate will vote for senator, concurred in what Senator Flynn had said.

The organization committee issued an address which says: "In our present attitude we are prompted by what we believe to be the best interests of our party and state. We believe a republican senator should and will be elected, and that no combination of circumstances can prevent it. We believe that the sentiment of the republicans of the commonwealth is against taking action that might result in the election of a person as United States senator who is charged with crime before his innocence is established in a court of justice, and that the failure to determine that question prior to this time is due to the act of the alleged caucus nominee in delaying trial and not to any act of ours."

Both branches of the legislature have adjourned until January 12.

Burrows is Nominated.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 5.—Senator J. C. Burrows was unanimously nominated last night by the republican caucus to succeed himself. After the nomination the senator and his late opponent, Albert Pack, who withdrew from the race yesterday, came to the Capitol together, which elicited great enthusiasm from the legislators.

Hale Nominated by Acclamation.

Augusta, Me., Jan. 5.—The republican caucus of the legislature was held last night to nominate a United States senator. Senator Eugene Hale was renominated by acclamation

WAR OR PEACE?

Filipino Newspapers are Hostile to Americans—Aguinaldo's Envoy at Washington Asks for Recognition from the President.

Manila, Jan. 7.—A dispatch to the Independencia from Malolos, the seat of the so-called Filipino government, says the governors of all the provinces of Luzon have assembled at Malolos for the purpose of offering their lives and property in adhesion to the policy of the president and government. Continuing the dispatch says:

"They say they fought only for the independence of the Filipinos and are unwilling to surrender to strangers."

Commenting upon President McKinley's proclamation to the Filipinos issued by Gen. Otis, the Independencia, which is a native paper, says the problem presented is most grave. It admits that there are only two solutions possible, namely, for the Americans to abandon their annexation policy, or a prolonged and bloody war. It cites the example of the "noble patriots of Iloilo defying Gen. Miller," and expresses hope for a pacific termination of the crisis, but hints at trouble.

Hong Kong, Jan. 7.—The newspapers here publish the following dispatch from Iloilo, evidently from a Filipino source:

"When the Americans arrived at Iloilo they found no looting upon the part of the Filipino forces, or conduct of any kind unworthy of civilized people. In conformity with their agreement with the Spaniards, the Filipinos entered Iloilo in an orderly manner and hoisted the Filipino flag. The Americans found a good government established and meeting with the complete approval of the foreign residents. The post office, customs and other departments were working smoothly under the entire control of the Filipinos. This disposes of the allegations of the inclination of the Filipinos to loot and kill. The Filipinos occupied Iloilo on the same humane principles which have guided their actions against their Spanish oppressors."

Washington, Jan. 7.—Agoncillo, who is here as the representative of the Philippine government, has asked to be recognized by the United States as such and to be accorded the same right as other diplomats. His request is now in the hands of Secretary Hay. Sixto Lopez, the private secretary of Agoncillo, visited the state department and presented a letter to Secretary Hay requesting upon behalf of Agoncillo an interview for the purpose of arranging to present his credentials to President McKinley, and inquiring when it would meet the convenience of the president to meet Agoncillo.

The letter of Lopez states that he is instructed by Agoncillo, in view of recent developments, to urge an understanding between the American government and the representative of the Philippine people as to the relations between the respective nations, such understanding to be reached either at Washington through the joint representatives of the two governments or in the Philippine islands in like manner. The letter concludes with an expression of the hope that the friendly relations heretofore existing between the two nations may be maintained.

Accompanying the letter is a memorandum setting forth the establishment of the Philippine republic and the provision for a detailed system of government.

AFTER FOUR YEARS.

A Woman Goes from New York to Utah to Fasten Evidence of Three Murders Upon Her Husband.

Gouverneur, N. Y., Jan. 7.—Sheriff Storrs, of Utah county, Utah, left here Thursday, accompanied by Mrs. Jennie Wright. They are en route to Utah in an endeavor to clear up a murder mystery and to free, if possible, a man from a life sentence. At the Pelican Point ranch, Utah, in 1895 three young men were shot down one night in their house. The stepfather of one of the boys, named Haynes, had had trouble with the men and was arrested, charged with the crime. The bodies of the men were found in Utah lake and the premises they had occupied were looted. Haynes was convicted on circumstantial evidence and was sentenced to be hanged, but the sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

A short time after the crime George W. Wright left that locality and lived in various parts of the west, finally drifting to Fresh Water, Col. He was a graduate of Kalamazoo law college. He soon became prominent, bearing the soubriquet of "King of Fresh Water." One morning a man with whom Wright was at odds was found shot to pieces in his cabin. Wright assisted at the coroner's inquest and wrote out the verdict of "murder by a person unknown." Later Wright became involved in a questionable sheep deal and, after being arrested, jumped his bail and fled. He visited his wife at her parents' home here and then disappeared.

After he left the west evidence of a positive character relating to the murder at Fresh Water is said to have been found against Wright and after working on the case for over a year Chief Harder elicited a confession from Mrs. Wright that her husband had goods which figured in the Pelican Point murders. The Utah authorities found articles just where she said. Mrs. Wright said she was willing to testify against her husband for the triple crime, providing he can be caught.

First Protestant Bishop of Brazil.

New York, Jan. 7.—Impressive services marked the consecration yesterday of Rev. Lucien L. Kinsolving as bishop of Brazil. The services were held in St. Bartholomew's Protestant Episcopal church. The event was of historical interest, inasmuch as Mr. Kinsolving will be the first Protestant bishop for Brazil. Bishops, priests and laymen from many states were present at the services. Bishop Kinsolving was a pupil of the Episcopal high school near Washington when he was 15 years old, and before he attained his majority he started a church school and made it a success.

CROKER IS AN EXPANSIONIST.

Tammany Leader Declares Himself on the Question of Territorial Acquisition—Says that the 16 to 1 Issue is Dead.

New York, Jan. 7.—The Journal and Advertiser prints the following statement given out by Richard Croker: "I believe in expansion. I believe in holding whatever possessions we have gained by annexation, purchase or war. This policy is not only patriotic, but it is the only safe one to pursue. Any other policy would show weakness on the part of the United States and invite foreign complications. This must be avoided, hence our policy must be vigorous. Jefferson was an expansionist, otherwise he would not have favored the acquisition of Louisiana, with its foreign population, which in Jefferson's time was quite as remote as the Philippines. In this age of steam and electricity distance is no argument against expansion.

"Take England, for example. The people of this little isle come pretty near owning the universe. Are not our people as intelligent, as powerful and as patriotic as the English people? The United States is the only country on earth superior to the English. Why not illustrate to the world that we are fully able to cope with greater problems than we have had occasion to in the past, and in the future dominate any emergency. The country teems with young men full of hope and ambition. Why not give these young men a chance to develop our newly acquired possessions and build up a country rivaling in grandeur and patriotism our own United States?

"It is an insult to the American people and to our flag even to suggest that we abandon the people we have released from bondage, or, what would be more disgraceful, that we should offer to sell them to the highest bidder. Such a proposition places the American people in the same category with the Chinese, who have neither patriotism nor a foreign policy and are in consequence utilized as a door mat by the powers of the wolrd. This is too great a question to be considered as a mere matter of dollars and cents. Our people want their rights protected. They will not figure on the cost.

"The people want the property acquired by war protected. They will pay for a standing army, a powerful navy and the protection of our flag the world over, regardless of any monetary consideration. They have proved their willingness to sacrifice their blood for the honor of their country and their flag, and when the question is brought to an issue, they will rise as one man and demand expansion as a citizen's sacred right.

"I think the 16 to 1 question as outlined in the Chicago platform a decidedly dead issue. This was demonstrated in the last election. We did not embody the 16 to 1 question in our platform, and the result is that we elected every one of our congressmen."

TRAILING A POISONER.

Latest Developments in the Adams-Cornish Case—False Beard Clue Has Failed.

New York, Jan. 7.—The World says: These new points were developed yesterday in the poisoning mystery. Mr. Witthaus found that Kutnow's powder was mixed with the cyanide of mercury in the false bromo-seltzer bottle sent to Harry Cornish, the mixture which killed Mrs. Adams. This is considered important, as making absolutely certain that the sender of the poison to Cornish was one and the same with the sender of cyanide of mercury to Henry Barnet in a Kutnow powder box. The startling statement was made by the nurse who attended Barnet that still another attempt had been made on his life, showing that the poisoner was determined in his murderous purpose, and persisted until on the second attempt he was successful.

More discouraging for the police than any development thus far was the failure of the Newark false beard clue. Young Molineux was taken to Fischer, the wig maker, who sold a red wig to a stranger shortly before Christmas. Fischer declared that Molineux was not his customer.

CUBAN CUSTOMS REVENUES.

The Cabinet Discusses How to Apply Them for the Benefit of All the Islanders.

Washington, Jan. 7.—The cabinet at its meeting Friday gave special consideration to the administration of affairs in Cuba. There seems to be a misunderstanding among some of the people of Santiago as to the policy of the government with respect to the expenditure of money collected from internal revenue and customs sources. It is not believed that Gen. Wood, who is in command at Santiago, misunderstands the purposes of the government, but nothing will be done in the matter until Gen. Wood arrives here. Then an effort will be made to arrive at some general plan for the handling of the receipts in the island. It seems certain, however, that all money disbursed must come through a central head and that under no circumstances can any particular city or section be allowed to expend all of its collections to the neglect of other sections.

Gen. Wood, however, will receive a proper allowance for Santiago province, but full consideration is certain to be given to sections which collect nothing or little from customs.

Roosevelt's Unique Journey.

New York, Jan. 7.—Gov. Roosevelt came to this city from Albany Friday afternoon in the cab of a locomotive. He had intended to take the 2:35 train from Albany, but it was late and as he had arranged to meet several persons he was much chagrined at the delay. The locomotive was placed at his disposal and he climbed into the cab at 2 o'clock. He arrived at the Grand Central depot at 5:03, making the run in three hours and three minutes. The ride was a thrilling one, at times the engine making record breaking speed.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

The year begins with the kind of business demand that counts. For months there has been a rising demand for materials, but now the crowding demand for finished products begins to advance prices, in the iron and steel industry about 1 per cent., without quotable changes in pig except at the East. Beams have advonced $2 per ton, angles $1, bars $1, and plates are strong, with an Australian order for 32,000 tons refused at Chicago because the works are already overcrowded. Many thousand cars are covered by orders at Pittsburg; 10,000 tons bars are taken for Agricultural works at Chicago, 105,000 tons rails are taken by the Pennsyivania Company, the Midland Railway Company of England has ordered twenty locomotives from the Baldwin works, and many other home and foreign orders are reported. The demand has never been greater at the beginning of the year than it is now.—Dun's Review.

The Popular Vote.

The popular vote cast in all the states last election has been printed. For an off year it is probably the largest vote ever cast in the United States, with the possible exception of 1894. As it is, it reaches 11,097,848, not including a few thousand scattering the blank votes, a large total for an off year.

The next striking feature is the large majority the Republicans have over the Democrats. This majority is 738,181. As the Republicans had 598,274 majority over the Democrats in 1896 their majority this year is 139,907 larger than two years ago. This is a surprising and gratifying fact. It would not have been at all discouraging had the Republicans found themselves in the minority this year on the popular vote. This is the fate of most parties in mid-Presidential years, and that the Republican party did not meet the usual fate this year is owing to the strong position in which it has been brought by the success of its policy and the popularity of President McKinley's administration. This is the third national election in succession in which the Republican party has had a large plurality. In the Congressional election of 1894 the popular disgust with Cleveland and the disastrous effects of his low tariff policy brought on a reaction against the Democracy which gave the Republicans a great popular plurality. This was repeated in 1896, and in the Congressional elections of 1898 a third large popular plurality appears. This is an indorsement of which any party might feel proud.

Both the Republican and the Democratic poll shows a falling off from 1896. The Republican decrease is about 1,550,000, and the decrease is about 1,700,000.

LaGrippe Successfully Treated:

"I just have recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy, as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" For sale by L. Taggart. jan

DR. BULL'S Cough Syrup will make a permanent cure in all cases of cough or cold on chest or lungs. It will cure when other remedies have failed. Physicians recommend it.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(*From our Regular Correspondent.*)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9th, 1899.

President McKinley is no more inclined to officially recognize Aguinaldo's man, Agoncillo, now that he claims to be Minister from the Philippine Republic, than when he came to Washington as Aguinaldo's personal agent. Then the President consented to receive him as an individual, with the stipulation that nothing of an official nature should occur at the interview. That is further than Agoncillo is likely to get this time. This fellow, aided by the anti-expansionists, in and out of Congress, is largely responsible for the present unsatisfactory condition of things in the Philippines. He gave Aguinaldo advance notice that the policy of this government would be conciliatory towards the insurgents, and told him that the anti-expansion element in this country was powerful, and that if he would take a bold stand it would aid him in getting recognition from this government. The effect of their information may be very disastrous to Aguinaldo and his followers, as it may cause orders to be sent to Gen. Otis to put them down by forcible instead of persuasive means.

Owing to the illness of Chairman Hull, of the House Military Committee, the Army bill has not been called up in the House, but Mr. Hull expects to return to duty this week, and to push the bill through the House without further delay.

Senrtor Morgan will endeavor to get the Senate to set a time for voting on his Nicarauga Canal bill, this week, and he is confident of success.

With less than one-third of its members in attendance, the House, by a majority of six, while sitting as a Committee of the whole, voted to strike out the appropriation for the Civil Service Commission, but the vote was reversed to-day, when the matter came up before a larger attendance.

Senator McLaurin came very near making a bull's-eye when he said: "There ought to be a law that every President of the U. S. should first serve a term in the Senate or the House. A very large degree of President McKinley's popularity is due to the fact that he has been through the Congressional mill and knows how to deal with Senators and Representatives. He appreciates their difficulties and helps them to the utmost, manifesting toward them a friendliness, which they appreciate. If President Cleveland had had a Congressional training he would not have made so many enemies. His lack of that experience was one of the rocks upon which he was wrecked."

The late James G. Blaine foreshadowed the annexation of Hawaii and the Philippine Islands in an editorial in a Maine newspaper, years before he became prominent as a statesman He wrote—it seems like inspired prophecy when read in connection with recent events—that the time would come when the United States would have to enlarge its boundaries, if it was to hold its fair share of the commerce of the world, and pointed out that Hawaii and the Philippines were within the natural sphere of our influence, and predicted that it would become absolutely necessary for this country to control the Philippines as the key to the trade of the Orient.

There was no significance in the adoption by the Senate of Mr. Hoar's resolution—asking the President if not incompatible with public interests, to send to the Senate all the instructions given to our Peace Commissioners, although some of the anti-expansionists are trying hard to make themselves and the public believe there was. The resolution is no more binding than his discretion makes it; he can give or not give the information asked for. The anti's have somehow got the idea that it will hurt expansion to bring out officially what everybody has known unofficially for months; that our Commissioners were originally instructed to only demand the island of Luzon of Spain, and that their instructions were changed upon reports made by them after their arrival at Paris. So much has been told to individual Senators already by their colleagues who were Peace Commissioners, and the story would doubtless have been more fully told as soon as the Senate begins to consider the treaty of peace in secret session, regardless of this resolution. Whether all his reasons for changing those instructions will be told at this time, is a question that President McKinley will decide for himself. The Committe on Foreign Relations will this week favorably report the treaty to the Senate, and then it will speedily become apparent whether the anti's will dare to delay the ratification of the treaty, knowing that it will be impossible for them to defeat it by votes.

The appointment of Benj. P. Fifield, to succeed the late Senator Morrill, of Vt., was somewhat of a surprise in Washington, although those who know Senator Fifield speak in the highest terms of him. The general belief in Washington is that Gov. Smith chose Mr. Fifield to serve until the Legislature meets—in October, 1900,—because he did not care to decide between the stronger political claims of ex-Gov. Dillingham and Representative Grout.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad colds and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by L. Taggart. jan

To the Public.

We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping cough. Price, 25 and 50c per bottle. Try it. L. Taggart. jan

THE FAIR,

H. A. ZARPS & CO., Prop'rs.

Emporium, Pa.

After Holiday Bargains.

We thank our customers for their very generous trade and encouragement given us during the past season. We have completed our inventory and re-arranged our store after the unprecedented Holiday business and filled up all our gaps with new goods. We have many hundreds of useful and beautiful pieces that we propose closing out at reduced prices. This month will be a bargain month at this Wonderland. Come and see.

Ladies Wear at Cost.

We shall close out at cost, Ladies' Wrappers, Skirts and Waists. Call early.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.

KANE STEAM LAUNDRY!

KANE, PA.,

E. Blinzler, Agent,

Emporium, Penn'a.

MISTLETOE KISSES ARE WAITING!

For the man who looks immaculate in his cleanliness, and arrays himself in spick and span linen, laundered and rendered faultless in its beauty by our perfect methods of laundry work. For holiday festivities be prepared with the exquisite laundry work on your shirts, collars and cuffs that has made us deservedly famous.

CELERY KING

NATURE'S CURE

A Cure for Constipation.

I have been troubled with constipation fo. years. It was ruining my health, my comfort and my complexion, and I am glad to say that Celery King has restored all three, and this after trying many other medicines that were supposed to be good, but which were of no value whatever. I would like to tell every suffering woman what Celery King has done for me.—Nellie Gould, Medina, Ohio.

Celery King for the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is sold in 25c. and 50c. packages by druggists and dealers. 3

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

MOTHER! There is no word so full of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it.

Mother's Friend so assists nature in the change taking place that the Expectant Mother is enabled to look forward without dread, suffering or gloomy forebodings, to the hour when she experiences the joy of Motherhood. Its use insures safety to the lives of both Mother and Child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement—in short, it "makes Childbirth natural and easy," as so many have said. Don't be persuaded to use anything but

MOTHER'S FRIEND

"My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a MOTHER," says a customer.

HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists at $1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price. Write for book containing testimonials and valuable information for all Mothers, free.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

HUMPHREYS'

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Piles or Hemorrhoids
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Chapped Hands.
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Sore Lips & Nostrils.
Corns & Bunions.
Stings & Bites of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c. and $1.00.

Sold by druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

Dreadful CROUP

Mothers, when your children are attacked by the dreadful croup, you need not despair; Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup will relieve and cure this disease at once. You can always depend on this marvelous remedy; it never fails to cure. For whooping-cough and measle-cough it is the best remedy in the land. Children like it.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Will cure Croup without fail.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cents. At all druggists.

J. A. Fisher,

PRACTICAL

Horse Shoer,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

M. A. ROCKWELL.

Pleases The Most Fastidious

Fastidious persons who enjoy toothsome delicacies are connoiseurs in the Sweetmeats Line, but even the most critical of these place the stamp of approval on

BIRCHARD'S CELEBRATED CANDIES . . . . .

For which M. A. ROCKWELL, "The Druggist," is agent. Splendid Christmas Presents there—and good and pretty, too.

Best Perfumes AND SACRET POWDERS,

From the Leading Manufacturers of the World.

Look at Our Goods Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

M. A. ROCKWELL.

THE LEADING

Dry Goods House.

SPECIAL NEWS IN THE CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Ladies elegant Winter Coats from $5.00 up. Bargains which will find ready and quick buyers in Emporium's great cloak store. Jackets and Coats for Misses and Children. Ladies' Capes, Jackets, Collarettes and Boas. Ladies' Wrappers, Wool Waists, Single Skirts and Night Dresses.

THE CARPET AND CURTAIN STORE.

This is also the Carpet and Curtain store—nothing better for a Christmas present for your wife or friend than a fine Carpet an a beautiful Lace Curtains.

Oil Cloths and Window Shades in abundance.

DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS.

This is the House for bargains in Dress Goods. You can find here just what you want, and the price you want and please don't forget this is the House for Underwear, Hosiery, Blankets, Comforts, Notions, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas, Corsets. Showing more new goods all the time than any other store. Spring will soon be here. A world of getting ready to be done—and next to no time for the doing. Jolly, happy, hurry thought. Half the pleasure is in getting ready, and this store is so helpful—so much here that is suggestive amid the tiring, hurry days. Standard designs—December patterns and fashion sheets now open. Fashion sheets, free to all.

CALL AND INSPECT OUR STOCK.

H. C. OLMSTED,

Emporium, Pa.

Here's A Pointer.

If you are seeking information about groceries, this is the place to find it. No one can convince you, if you try once, that others can give you as great values. We make it to your interest to come to us. Values as great and stock as varied as you can find anywhere in this section.

YOU MUST EAT.

Even after holiday feasting and though we had a big rush during that season our stock is still ample to supply your wants. New goods continually arriving.

SPECIAL for a few days only. 7lbs Bulk Starch 25c.

Careful attention given to all orders whether great or small. If you can't come in yourself send in your order or advise us and we will have our order clerk call.

Telephone and mail orders will have as careful attention, as if you were here in person.

Yours for business,

J. H. DAY.

Fourth St., Emporium, Pa.

Travelers Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.

In effect Nov. 20, 1898.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD.

8 20 A. M.—Train 8 week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—Train 6 week days for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.30 A. M., New York 7.13 A.M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 A. M.

9 37 P. M.—Train 4 Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.38 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 6.35 A. M., Washington 7.45 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Williamsport. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—Train 9 week days for Erie, Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 25 A. M.—Train 3 Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 28 P. M.—Train 15, week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 9 leaves New York 5:50 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:20 p. m., Baltimore 8:40 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 5:10 a. m., week days, with Pullman Sleepers and passenger coaches, from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport.

Train 3 leaves New York 7.40 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m, Baltimore 11.55 p. m., daily, arriving at Emporium 10.25 a. m., with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport—on Sundays only Pullman Sleepers from Philadelphia to Erie.

Train 15 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a. m., Washington 7.50 a.m., Baltimore 8.50 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10:15 A. M., week days, arriving at Emporium 6.28 P. M., with Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Kane.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD RAILROAD and Connections.

(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD. A. M.		A. M.	Stations.	P. M.		NORTHWARD P. M.
8 55	.....	4 00	....Renovo....	5 00	.....	11 05
9 44	.....	4 38	...Driftwood...	4 03	.....	10 12
10 20	.....	5 10	Emporium Junc	3 25	.....	9 40
11 08	.....	5 52	...St. Marys...	2 40	.....	9 01
11 12	.....		..... Kane.....	12 20	.....	9 05
11 31	.....		....Wilcox.....	11 58	.....	8 42
11 46	.....		..Johnsonburg..	11 43	.....	8 26
12 10	.....	6 20	..Ridgway....	8 50	.....	8 05
12 17	.....	6 27	..Island Run...	8 43	.....	7 55
12 22	.....	6 32	Carman Tr'nfer	8 38	.....	7 49
12 31	.....	6 41	..Croyland....	8 29	.....	7 40
12 35	.....	6 45	..Shorts Mills..	8 26	.....	7 36
12 39	.....	6 48	...Blue Rock...	8 22	.....	7 33
12 43	.....	6 53	.....Carrier.....	8 17	.....	7 28
12 53	.....	7 02	.Brockwayville.	8 08	.....	7 18
12 57	.....	7 06	...Lanes Mills..	8 02	.....	7 13
	.....	7 11	.McMinns Sm't.	7 58	.....	
1 07	.....	7 14	.Harveys Run..	7 54	.....	7 04
1 15	.....	7 20	..Falls Creek...	7 50	.....	7 00
1 40	.....	7 35	....DuBois.....	7 40	.....	6 40
1 20	.....	7 25	..Falls Creek...	7 00	.....	6 55
1 35	.....	7 40	.Reynoldsville..	6 45	.....	6 40
2 11	.....	8 16	...Brookville ..	6 09	.....	6 04
3 05	.....	9 10	New Bethlehem	5 26	.....	5 10
3 50	.....	9 55	...Red Bank....	.....	.....	4 25
6 30	.....	12 40	....Pittsburg...	.....	.....	1 40
P. M.	.....	P. M.		A. M.	.....	P. M.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

WESTERN NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY.

Time Table In Effect April 18, 1897.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating-Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday 8.30 A. M.
Mail, (103 daily except Sunday.....1.45 P. M.
Train No. 103 (mail) will connect at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

Call on E. C. DAVISON, Agent, Emporium, for time tables or other information.

R. BELL, Gen'l Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen'l Pass'ngr & Ticket Agt. Mooney Brisbane Building, Cor. Main and Clinton Streets, Buffalo, N. Y.

TIME TABLE No. 23.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R.

Taking effect June 15th, 1898.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.		10 P. M.	4 P. M.	6 A. M.	2 P. M.
Port Allegany,	Lv.	3 15	7 18	.....	12 10
Coleman,		*3 23	○○	.....	*12 15
Burtville,		*3 30	7 29	.....	12 22
Roulette,		3 40	7 36	.....	12 30
Knowlton's,		*3 45	○○	.....	*12 35
Mina,		*3 59	7 46	.....	12 40
Olmsted,		4 05	*7 50	.....	*12 44
Hammonds,		○○	○○	.....	*12 49
Coudersport.	Ar.	4 20	7 57	.....	12 53
	Lv.			6 15	1 00
North Coudersport,		.....	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,		.....	.....	*6 29	*1 14
Colesburg,		.....	.....	*6 36	1 21
Seven Bridges,		.....	.....	*6 39	*1 24
Raymond's,		.....	.....	*6 49	1 35
Gold,		.....	.....	6 54	1 41
Newfield,		.....	.....	.....	1 45
Newfield Junction,		.....	.....	7 02	1 50
Perkins,		.....	.....	○○	*1 53
Carpenter's,		.....	.....	○○	*1 56
Crowell's,		.....	.....	*7 10	*1 59
Ulysses,	Ar.	.....	.....	7 18	2 10

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.		1 A. M.	5 P. M.	3 A. M.	
Ulysses,	Lv.	7 32	2 30	10 05	.....
Crowell's,		*7 41	*2 39	*10 15	.....
Carpenter's,		○○	*2 41	*10 18	.....
Perkins,			*2 44	*10 21	.....
Newfield Junction,		7 47	2 46	10 25	.....
Newfield,		*7 51	2 50	*10 30	.....
Gold,		7 55	2 54	10 35	.....
Raymond's,		*7 59	2 59	*10 40	.....
Seven Bridges,		*8 11	*3 11	*10 55	.....
Colesburg,		*8 14	3 14	*11 00	.....
Frink's,		*8 22	*3 22	*11 09	.....
North Coudersport,		○○	*3 31	*11 20	.....
Coudersport,	Ar.	8 36	3 36	11 30	.....
	Lv.	8 41	6 00	P. M. 1 20	.....
Hammonds,		○○	○○	○○	.....
Olmsted,		*8 46	*6 06	*1 27	.....
Mina,		8 50	6 10	1 31	.....
Knowlton's,		○○	*6 18	○○	.....
Roulette,		9 00	6 21	1 45	.....
Burtville,		9 08	6 29	2 55	.....
Coleman,		○○	*6 35	○○	.....
Port Allegany,		9 21	6 40	2 35	.....

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y. for points north and south, At Newfield Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R., north of Wellsville, south of Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE, Gen'l Supt, Coudersport, Pa.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY.

THE SHORT LINE BETWEEN BUFFALO, ROCHESTER, SALAMANCA, RIDGWAY, DUBOIS, PUNXSUTAWNEY, AND ALL POINTS IN THE NORTH, EAST AND WEST.

On and after Jan. 1, 1899, passenger trains will depart from Johnsonburg daily, except Sunday, as follows:

9:02 a. m., from P. & E. station for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney and Clearfield.

11:49 a. m., from P. & E. station, mail for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and Rochester.

2:25 p. m., from P. & E. station, mail for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney, and Clearfield.

2:30 p. m. from B. R. & P. station, Buffalo Express for Bradford, Salamanca, Springville and Buffalo.

Thousand mile tickets good for passage between all stations at two cents per mile.

EDWARD C. LAPEY, Gen. Pass. Agt. Rochester, N. Y.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., Jan. 3, 1899.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 20
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	65
Patent Meal, "	45
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 00
Chop Feed, "	1 00
Middlings, "	1 00
Bran, "	1 00
Corn, per bushel,	56
White Oats, per bushel,	45
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

Mrs. C. C. Fay continues seriously ill.

Miss Gantz visited the PRESS on Friday last.

Dr. Willard T. Parsons has located at Sizerville.

Grant S. Wiley spent Sunday with friends in Buffalo.

Ex-County Commissioner Beldin visited in town yesterday.

Miss Nellie Clare, of Cameron was an Emporium visitor on Monday.

Chas. M. Thomas, County Treasurer, is confined to his residence with grip.

Miss Hannah Tracy, of Sterling Run, visited in Emporium on Thursday.

Mrs. W. P. Herrick and neice, of Sterling Run, were PRESS visitors yesterday.

Postmaster Lewis, of Sterling Run, visited in town on Saturday and called on ye editor.

Miss M. Elizabeth Arnold, of Lock Haven, is the guest of Mrs. M. P. Whiting, this week.

H. J. Sassman has resigned as County Auditor, the court appointing I. K. Hockley in his place.

J. W. McDonald and wife have returned to Emporium, after stopping a short time in Elk county.

Mr. Lingle, who resides in the Valley, is very low with pneumonia. He is Jos. Lingle's father.

Chas. Wiley left last Saturday morning for Buffalo, to enter Bryant & Stratton's Business College.

Sam Cameron who has been visiting in Emporium the past two weeks, has returned to Towanda to resume his work.

John E. Smith, of Sterling Run, called on the PRESS Tuesday, while in town to attend the meeting of the Bank directors.

Hon. J. C. Johnson and Prothonotary Goodnough were guests of T. H. Norris and wife, at Sterling Run, Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. Heilman made a professional visit to Bailey Run last week to consult with Dr Reese, of Costello, in a severe case of grip-pneumonia.

Alfred Hirsch, of New York City, and Harry S. Ness, of Johnsonburg, were PRESS visitors on Wednesday. They were called here by the death of their father.

We had the pleasure of shaking hands with Mr. David Kirk, President of the Climax Powder Company, of Emporium, yesterday. Mr. Kirk was guest of Mr. Julian and wife while in town.

Mrs. A. L. Good and son left on Tuesday to join her husband at Pittsburg, where he has accepted a position. Miss Lena McDonald accompanied her and will remain for a time in Pittsburg.

The Battle for Senator.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 11.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee held this evening, an address was adopted, calling upon the Republican members of the two houses to stand by the action of the Senatorial caucus in naming Colonel Quay as the party's candidate for the United States Senatorship.

Senator Quay has a majority of votes to start with in his own party. While the Democrats are divided on the selection of a candidate to be voted for against Quay they agree that the Senator will not poll any Democratic votes. The Senate and House will vote separately next Tuesday and jointly the following day. Many of the legislators are predicting that there will be a deadlock and that a Senator will not be elected until after the trial of the Quay-Haywood conspiracy cases in the Philadelphia courts.

SENATOR QUAY ARRIVES.

Senator Quay reached Harrisburg at midnight from Washington to take personal direction of his campaign. Senator Penrose came with him and during their stay they will be guests at the residence of County Chairman Weiss.

The attention of our farmers is called to the list of institutes, to be held in this county this winter, by the State Department of Agriculture, assisted by the local board of institute managers for the county. These meetings are in the interest of all our farmers, and open to all. The expenses of conducting them is borne by the state. No collections are allowed or the advertising of any business. The discussions are upon farm topics for the benefit of farmers. Arrange your business so as to attend and take part in the exercises All classes of citizens are welcome, and interesting programmes have been prepared The county chairman is R. P. Heilman, M. D., of Emporium, Pa., who will be glad to send programmes or information to any one who will make the request.

The State speakers who will be present are: Hon. Alva Azu, Prof. Geo. C. Butz, J. W. Allison and Prof. S. B. Heges. The institutes will be held at the following dates and places: Jan. 24th, 1899, at Driftwood, Pa.; and Jan. 30th and 31st, at Emporiom, Pa. Come out to these meetings and bring your families and friends.

ALL AROUND THE COUNTY.

Buckwalter.

Farmer Hopkins passed through our burg last week.

Good sleighing and our farmers have their rims all out.

William Cramer passed through our burg last Saturday.

J. Hobson has been working at Beechwood the past few days.

Prof. Fisk, of Emporium, was sleighing through our town on Monday.

Chas. Welsh claims it was 30° below zero on the hill the other night.

Geo. Van Wert, of Emporium, was seen passing through our city on Sunday.

John Narby and Ed. Barker were counting ties through our burg on Monday.

Farmer Kresge and his assistant William, killed four very fine hogs on Monday.

Six of "Dick" Bingeman's teams passed through our town en route to Beechwood.

Farmer Sipple gave a social party to all our old ladies last week. The men were not in it.

John Lawson and his jolly crew were seen around our burg the fore part of the week.

Martin Lawson is quite sick with la grippe. His many friends hope he will soon be out again.

Arthur Norton, general manager of that side hill team at Beechwood, spent Sunday with the old folks.

W. C. Heath has added one hundred more fine specimens of Belgian hares to his already large hare farm.

Messrs. Will Gaskill and Frank Easterbrooks with two of our fair damsels, were out enjoying the good sleighing on Sunday.

We are sorry to say one of our former citizens Milfred Bliss met with a very painful accident at Beechwood the other day.

One of the largest shows that ever exhibited in this county, pulled the curtains back to a crowded house here on Monday night.

Mrs. Sibert, mother of James Sibert, passed away Sunday morning at the age of 108. Funeral took place on the Hill last Tuesday.

Luie Norton has the colts up at Rathbun, moving the oil derrick down to Beechwood, where there will be another well put down.

Mike Hellyard has purchased a very fine horse and claims there isn't one on the Creek that can keep up to his dust. Try him Martin, with the grey

Fred Norton our coming road supervisor is leaving no stone unturned and there won't be a tax-payer regret it if they put their shoulder to the wheel and cast their vote for him.

SNOW BALL.

Austin.

W. H. Sullivan and family have gone to Hot Springs, Ark., to spend a few weeks.

"Weather Maker" Cuthbertson's big snow storm and blizzard put in its appearance this morning on schedule time, but so far it hasn't "blinz."

A Polish wedding took place here Sunday, but we didn't learn the names of the parties, and if we had probably could not have written them down.

A fire broke out in the round house of the B. & S. R. R. early Sunday morning, and damaged the building to such an extent as to necessitate the rebuilding of a part, if not the whole of it.

On Monday morning, the house known as the John Lawson house, and occupied by Chas. Smith, burned to the ground with all its contents. Mr. Smith had a small insurance on his household goods.

About 4 o'clock on Sunday morning, Jack Hesslin, a kindling wood employe, fell from the steps of Tom Diggin's "pig's ear" into the creek, and when found was dead. He was formerly from Lock Haven and will probably be buried there. He leaves a wife and a son.

The funeral of Mrs. Jason McClure, (*nee* Miss Emma Gorman, of First Fork,) was held at the M. E. church on Sunday afternoon, interment being made at Costello. She had been married only about six weeks. Pneumonia was the cause of her death. Deceased was a daughter of James Gorman, of Johnsonburg, who was unable to attend the funeral on account of illness. Joseph Gorman and family, of Johnsonburg, and Mrs. Lucy Carman, of Nelson Run, brother and sister of the deceased, were present at the funeral.

***

Huston Hill.

The over curious are not over wise.

Six inches of snow and still snowing.

A woman's belt is always waist-full.

School has opened again after a week's vacation.

Newton Mix, of Mix Run, visited friends at this place last week.

Bert Lupole came home from Mix Run to visit his family over Sunday.

We are reliably informed that we are about to lose one of our young ladies.

Mrs. Anna Dill, of this place, was visiting friends at Benezette last week.

John Conor, who is working in Mix Run, visited his family here, over Sunday.

John Williams, of this place, made a flying trip to Benezette one day last week.

Mr. Hanscom came home from Mix Run last week. He says he will live a retired life now.

Miss Daisy Barr, of this place, was visiting friends and relatives at Millers Run, last week.

Miss Eva Barr, of this place, returned to her school at Hicks Run, after a week's vacation.

Mr. Clarence Conor, foreman on the Lupole, Conor & Co. job, visited his parents over Sunday.

It is rumored that the Lupole, Conor & Co., have about finished their extensive job in Mix Run.

Miss Lelo Williams who has been spending the past three weeks in Benezette, returned home Saturday.

A certain man of this place has perfected a plan for bringing coal out of the cellar without exerting any of his energies. He makes his wife carry it up.

JOSH.

Rich Valley.

Meetings still continue on North Creek.

Mr. Wilbert Lewis went to Cross Forks, Monday.

Master Clive Lewis is visiting his grandma Lewis for a few days

Mr. Joseph McKay, of Driftwood, was seen on our streets on Sunday.

Mr. John Dysert has returned to the valley. There is no place like home after all.

Miss Emma Bittenbender is staying with her sister Mrs. F. Craven and attended school.

Mr. Melvin Chadwick who has been laid up with lagrippe for the past two weeks is able to be out again.

Mr. Con McCarthy who handles the reins over one of Mr. Craven's fine teams is taking a holiday to himself.

Our teacher Miss Cora Barker, was taken suddenly ill on Monday and had to close school. We hope for a speedy recovery.

A few of Mrs. Delbert Adams' friends attended a quilting at her home last Wednesday. Some quilting was done, also some talking.

A bran new baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Barr on Friday last. One more Republican added to our side.

Little Miss Lettie Craven was taken suddenly ill last Sunday morning, but with careful nursing she was soon able to be out again.

Mrs. Thos. Dixon while doing her chores at the farm had the misfortune to fall and sprain her ankle. Mrs. Melvine Carter is acting as nurse for a few days.

Sinnemahoning.

Orrin Courtright, Treasurer of Potter county, was a visitor in town on Saturday.

Joe Strayer has embarked in the grocery business in the room formerly occupied by A. R. Berfield. Ray still conducts the meat market and will devote his whole attention to this branch of the old business.

The iron work for the new bridge has arrived and a force of men are at work place it in position. They worked all day Sunday and expect to have one span erected this week.

The Liars Club held a special meeting on Monday night, in honor of Judge Ross, who came down from Potter county to become a member of the famous organization. Chief Beldin and Pap Blodget objected to admitting any candidates from the land of leeks and pig's ears, and wanted it understood that this was purely a Cameron county mob. Uncle Si, however, said let them all in, as he wasn't afraid of all the liars west of sunrise, so the rules were suspended and after the judge had spun a few of his choicest selections he was placed astride the goat and after the club adjourned he and Joe M. struggled for supremacy till 12 o'clock and although it was unfair to put a new member against one so experienced and accomplished the Judge came near downing his veteran adversary.

JOE.

Piled Away Up!

WHAT?
STYLISH GOODS
—AT—
R. SEGER & CO.
MERCHANT TAILORS.

Leave your orders now for clothing for the spring trade Our inducements this winter to our customers are away ahead of all former prices. We have the largest and best line of goods to select from.

OUR CLOTHING IS MADE WELL AND WEARS WELL.

R. SEGER & CO.,
Opposite M. E. Church.

Wear Royal Worcester Corsets.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE Annual Mee[ting] of the stockholders of the Emporium [Chu]ch Valley Railroad for the election of a P[resi]ent and Board of Directors and the trans[ac]t of other general business, will be held [at th]e law office of Green & Shaffer, Jan. 17th [1899], at one o'clock, p. m.

45 2t J. W. KAYE, Sec.

ELE[CT]ION NOTICE.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Emp[oriu]m, Pa., December 7th, 1898.

THE annu[al] meeting of the Stockholders for the electi[on] of a Board of Directors and the transaction of [such] other business as may be laid before them, [will] be held at the Bank on Tuesday, January 10[th, 18]99, between the hours of one and three in the afternoon. Polls close at three.

41-6t. M. P. WHITING, Cashier.

LICENSE APPLICATIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following named persons have filed their petitions for Licenses, in my office, according to law, for the term of January Court, 1899:

HOTEL LICENSE.

Sinnemahoning.

O. L. Bailey, ... Enterprise House
Joe M. Shaffer, ... Sinnemahoning House

Driftwood.

Fred McVicker, ... Lafayette House
A. M. McDonald, ... Curtin House
Thos. J. Riley, ... Commercial House

Gibson Township.

H. M. Duel, ... Mix Run, Hotel

Sterling Run.

Mrs. Annie Goodwin, ... Sterling Run House
Mary A. Furlong, ... Alpine House

Sizerville Hotel License.

H. W. Martindale, ... Sizer Springs House

Emporium, East Ward, Hotel Licenses.

John L. Johnson ..... Central House
Wm. Hathaway, ... American House
Richard J. Loyd, ... Exchange House
Peter Shoup, ... Cook House
John Costello ..... Eagle House
Thos. J. Lysett, ... St. Charles House

Middle Ward.

Wm McGee, ... City House
Richard Kelley, ... Emporium House
Riley Warner, ... Warner House
Michael Murphy, ... Commercial House
John Cummings, ... Cottage House

RESTAURANT LICENSES.

William McDonald, ... Novelty Restaurant
Octave Willett, ... Star Restaurant

WHOLESALE LICENSES.

A. A. McDonald, ... Emporium
J. L. Wheeler, ... Emporium
F. X. Blumle, ... Shippen Township

BOTTLERS LICENSE.

J. L. Wheeler, ... Emporium
F. X. Blumle, ... Shippen

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Clerk Q. S.

Mott's Nerverine Pills

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing of lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. $1.00 per box by mail; 6 boxes for $5.00.

MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Prop's, Cleveland, Ohio

For sale by R. C. Dodson.

UP TO DATE
BOOK COMMERCIAL AND JOB PRINTING
AT THIS OFFICE.

WE ARE SELLING OUT REGARDLESS OF COST.

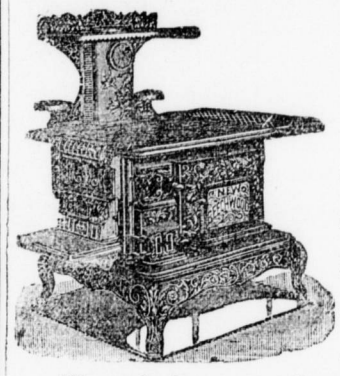
Opposite the Post Office,

JOHN J. SOBLE.

LEADING HARDWARE HOUSE!

We extend our compliments to the citizens of Cameron and adjoining counties for their rapidly and increasing patronage. We would invite all to see our large display of GENERAL HARDWARE and BUILDERS' MATERIAL. We would call especial attention to our

COOKING, HEATING AND GAS STOVES

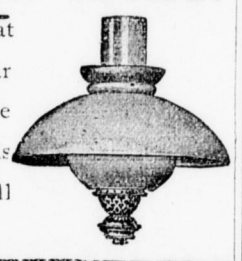


Comprising the best in the world. Our old and popular Store is headquarters for many useful articles and house-keepers should call and see what we have.

We again desire to call attention to our OIL and GAS STOVES. The Ladies delight.

THE WELSBACH LIGHT.

This popular light the great gas saver, is growing in popular with our people. All who desire to economize in gas bills should use these burners. Call and see them.



WALKER, HOWARD & CO.

TRUSTWORTHY STORE.

Dry Goods

GENERAL STORE

Now that the holidays are over we expect a share of the same liberal patronage which we received in 1898 and during the holidays

In Corsets we handle the R. & G., Dr. Warner's Fetherbone and W. B. Cyclist.

Men's, Ladies' and Childrens' Underwear in cotton and wool.

We have an elegant assortment of China Ware and our prices are bound to sell the goods.

BALCOM & LLOYD.

Fourth Street, Emporium, Pa.

HONEST DEALING.

WEE FANNIE.

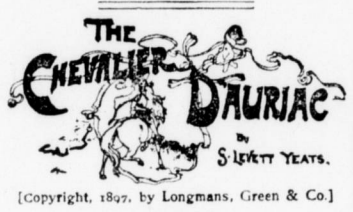
Wee Fannie, bless her little heart,
I cannot help but take her part,
When romping through the halls;
Up, down the stairs she runneth wild,
This sweet, angelic baby child,
Fast clinging to her dolls.

What mem'ries doth her laughter bring,
When through the house I hear it ring,
In fond, ecstatic glee;
Old scenes arise before mine eyes
Of children up beyond the skies,
Who're calling after me.

I gaze upon her broken toys,
Which tell me of true childish joys,
The joys of baby years;
And while into the past I drift,
The ills and aches of life I sift
From out a vale of tears.

Such purity from children roll
Into every hardened soul
That lacks the gem of grace;
Their voice, their smile, their very tear,
Can drive away the dread of fear,
Depicting Christ's own face.

Play on, my child, in rapture play,
And may your life be one glad day
Of endless bliss and peace;
And after evening shadows fall,
When quietness reigns throughout each hall,
May joy your sleep increase.
—George McKenzie, in Boston Budget.



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SYNOPSIS.

Chapter I—D'Auriac, commanding outpost where scene is laid, tells the story. De Gomeron has been appointed by Gen. de Rone to examine into a charge made against him. Nicholas, a sergeant, brings in two prisoners, a man and a woman, who are from the king's camp at Le Fere, D'Auriac, angered by insulting manner of de Gomeron toward the woman, strikes him. A duel follows, and during the commotion the prisoners escape. De Rone happens on the disorderly scene, and d'Auriac, upon giving his parole not to attempt escape, hears this remarkable sentence: "To-morrow....you must die on the field. Win or lose, if I catch you at the close of the day, I will hang you as high as Haman."

Chapter II—D'Auriac next morning takes his place as usual on de Rone's staff. In the course of his ride over the field he saves the life of Nicholas, the sergeant, who, a victim of de Gomeron's malice, is found in imminent danger of almost instant death.

Chapter III—After the battle in which King Henry utterly routs de Rone's forces, d'Auriac, lying severely wounded, sees the forms of a man and woman moving under cover of the night among the dead and wounded. They find a golden collar on de Leyva's corpse and Babette stabs Mauginot (her partner) to gain possession of the prize. After this hideous scene Henry with a retinue, among whom is the fair prisoner who had escaped from the hand of de Gomeron, rides over the field.

Chapter IV—D'Auriac in the hospital of Ste. Genevieve discovers his unknown friend is the heiress of Bidache. She visits him daily, and when he is well enough is taken to her Normandy chateau. Here he learns from Maitre Palin, the madame's chaplain, that the king is about to force upon the woman a very distasteful marriage with M. d'Ayen. With Jacques, his steward, d'Auriac leaves for the avowed purpose of preventing their marriage.

Chapter V—D'Auriac's horse casts a shoe. This causes a delay at village of Ezy, where he comes upon Nicholas, his old sergeant, who says de Gomeron is in the neighborhood with the king's commission, and that he (Nicholas) has evidence of treason brewing among de Gomeron and certain associates against the king.

Chapter VI—Led by Nicholas, d'Auriac goes by night to where de Gomeron is stationed. When near the house a horn was was heard from the depths of the forest which greatly frightens Nicholas, then some men leave courtyard in direction of the sound.

CHAPTER VI.—CONTINUED.

The men rode by us slowly, one of them carrying a torch, and, taking a turn to the right, trotted off into the forest, cursing the orders they had received to go forth after the horn-winder.

"Now," I whispered, "for the window."

"We must get to the terrace," he answered. "From there it might be done," and with a hurried look behind him, at which I began to laugh in a low tone of mockery, he crawled forward rapidly. I followed with equal speed and caution, and in a half minute we had gained the shadow of the terrace, and, working along its ivy-covered wall, got to the main bulding. Here we cast about for some means to get up. It was not possible to do this by holding on to the ivy, as, if it came away, there would be a fall, and all our fat would be in the fire. The ascent had to be made noiselessly, and as I looked at the high wall before us I began to think it was impossible. Running my eye on the lichen-gray face of the main building, however, I noticed something that looked like a series of huge monograms, with a crescent above each, cut in high relief on the stones, beginning about ten feet from the ground.

"We might get up that way," I whispered.

Nicholas nodded, with a pale face. In his excitement he had forgotten the wild huntsman, much to my satisfaction.

"Bend, then, and I will ascend from your back."

He leaned forward against the wall, and, climbing on his shoulders, I found that I might possibly raise myself by the monograms, which I discovered to be the letters H. D. interlaced in one another, the initials of the second Henry and Diane de Poitiers; and the crescent was, as is well known, Madame Diane's crest. Taking a long breath, I lifted myself slowly—there was but an inch or so to hold on to—and at last found a crevice in which I could put the point of my boot. This was enough for me to change my hold to the next higher monogram, and finally I came to a level with the parapet of the terrace. Here was a difficulty. Every time I stretched my hand out to grasp the parapet I found that I could not reach over, and that my fingers slipped off from the slime and moss on the stones. Three times I made the attempt, and swung back three times, until I began to feel that the effort was beyond me. There was, however, one chance, and, quietly thrusting my boot forward, I began to feel amidst the ivy for a possible foothold, and to my delight found it rest at once on a small projecting ledge that ran around the terrace. The remainder of my task was easy, and the next moment I found myself lying flat on my face beneath the oriel window.

Here I paused to recover myself, peering down at Nicholas, who was making an attempt to raise himself by his hands to reach the monograms and climb to me. "Steady," I whispered, "and catch this." Rapidly unwinding a silken sash I wore round my waist, in the fashion I had learned when serving in Spain, I dropped one end toward him, and after a moment or two he managed to seize it. Then I looped a fold of the silk around a buttress of the parapet, and holding on to the other end told Nicholas to climb.

"Now for the window," I said. "I will rise slowly and find out what I can. You keep your pistol ready, and your eyes open—do not rise, and remember my orders."

"There is a broken pane to the left, it is half hidden by the curtain—you can hear and see from there."

As he said this I rose softly to my feet and, finding the broken pane without any difficulty, peered in.

The room was bright with the light of candles, and, at a table, covered with papers, were seated two men, whilst a third was standing, and pointing with his fingers at a scroll. In the man with his back to me I had no difficulty in recognizing de Gomeron, the one looking toward me was assuredly Biron, for his was a face that once seen could never be forgotten. As for the man who was standing beside him, I knew him not, though subsequently—but I anticipate.

Biron was evidently in a high state of excitement. He was biting at the end of his dark mustache, and the fingers of his hand were playing nervously with the star on his breast, whilst his shifty, treacherous eyes were turning now on de Gomeron, now on the figure standing at his elbow. He seemed to be hesitating, and I heard de Gomeron say:

"This is my price—not money, not land, not a title, but only a few words. You have each one, my lord, your share of the spoils set down in writing. I do not want so much even—all I ask is your word of honor to favor my suit with the king. For me the word of Biron is enough, and I know his majesty can refuse you nothing."

"My God!" exclaimed Biron, and writhed in his chair.

"The marshal might give me the promise I seek, Lafin," and de Gomeron turned to the man who was standing at Biron's elbow, "the word will give me a wife, not much of a reward."

"And the lands of Bidache and Pelouse—eh?"

I almost fell forwards in my eagerness to hear, and only checked myself in time.

"Exactly," sneered de Gomeron. "Do you think I have risked my life for the good of my health? See here, chevalier," and he bent forward and whispered a word or so that made the other pale, and then de Gomeron leaned back in his chair and smiled. Biron did not apparently see or hear, his forehead was resting on his clasped hands, and he seemed to be revolving the hazard of some great step. As for me, I thought I caught the words, "your instant help," followed by "lances" and "power," and guessed—I was not wrong—that the captain had forced Lafin's hand.

"My dear de Gomeron," he said, "the marshal is willing enough, but you know the common talk, that the king has other views for madame, and that M. D'Ayen—" But Biron interposed.

"M. de Gomeron, you ask too much. Mme. de la Bidache is of the first nobility. Tremouille was my friend. It is too much."

"And I give monseigneur a crown."

"Peste! My lord—after all, M. de Gomeron has deserved his price—and a good sword and a better head must not be thrown away. Remember, monseigneur, an open hand makes faithful hearts," said Lafin.

"But the king would never consent," began Biron.

"Give me your word to help me, monseigneur, I will do the rest for myself."

"Give it, my lord."

Biron hesitated for a moment, and then suddenly threw up his hand. "Very well—let it be as you wish. I promise, M. de Gomeron."

"Enough, my lord—I thank you. Chevalier Lafin has laid before you in detail all our resources. Let me now show you this." He unrolled a parchment that was before him, and handed it to the marshal. "Here," he added, "are the signatures of all. It only needs that of Biron—now sign."

I could hear the beating of my heart in the silence that followed, and then Biron said, hoarsely: "No! No! I will never put my name to paper."

"Morbleu! marshal," burst out Lafin. "This is no time for nibbling at a cherry. Tremouille and Epernon have signed. Put your seal to the scroll, and the day it reaches M. de Savoye, 30,000 troops are across the frontier, and you will change the cabbage gardens of Biron for the coronet of Burgundy and la Bresse."

"And see your head on a crown piece, marshal," added de Gomeron.

"But we have not heard, Lafin—" began the marshal.

"We will hear to-night, monseigneur—that horn meant news, and Zamet never fails. Curse the low-bred Italian! Pardieu! he is here," and as he spoke I heard what seemed to be three distinct knocks at a carved door, and, Lafin opening it, a man booted and spurred entered the room. He was splashed with mud, as one who had ridden fast and far.

"Zamet!" exclaimed the marshal and de Gomeron, both rising, and the face of the former was pale as death.

"Good evening, gentlemen! Maledetto! But I have had a devil of a ride.

"Well, friends, you all seem to have pale faces—would you not like to hear the news?"

There was no answer, and the Italian continued: "I suppose I must give it; make your minds easy. It is all over—she died last night."

"Did it hurt her?" asked Biron, nervously.

"I don't know," answered Zamet, brutally, "I have never tasted the Borgia citron myself."

"Mon Dieu! exclaimed the marshal, springing to his feet, "this is too terrible," and he began to pace up and down, whilst the other three remained in whispered converse, their eyes now and again turning to Biron, who walked the room like a caged beast. Nicholas had risen slowly to his feet despite my orders, and was looking over my shoulders with a white face and blazing eyes. I dared not tell him to go back; but with a warning look at him strained my ears to catch what was being said, but could hear nothing until at length Zamet raised his voice: "Have done with it, marshal, and sign. After all, Mme. de Beaufort was no more than a ——," and he used a foul word. "The king is prostrate now; but in a week Gabrielle will be forgotten, and then anything might happen. He already writes verses on her," he went on with a grin. "Charmante Gabrielle—diavolo! but you should have seen her as she lay dead—she was green as a jade cup."

"Be still, dog," and Biron turned fiercely on him. The Italian stepped back, his hand on his dagger; but in a moment he recovered himself. His black eyebrows lifted, and his upper lip drew back over his teeth in a sneer.

"I did not know monseigneur would be so affected; but time presses and we need the name of Biron to that scroll. Hand the marshal the pen, Lafin."

"It is here," and de Gomeron, dipping a pen in a silver inkstand, held it out in his hand.

Biron made a half step forward to take it when a thing happened. I felt myself suddenly thrust aside, there was a blinding flash, a loud report, and a shout from Nicholas: "Missed, by God!"

There was absolutely no time to do anything but make for the horses. Nicholas had fired at de Gomeron in his mad thirst for revenge, and had practically given our lives away. In the uproar and din that followed we slid down the sash like apes, and dashed toward the horses. Some one shouted "Traitor—traitor!" and let fly at us twice as we ran across the open space.

I FELT MYSELF SUDDENLY THRUST ASIDE.

From the courtyard we could hear the hurry and bustle of men suddenly aroused, and as we reached the oak we heard the bay of the bloodhounds and the thunder of hoofs in pursuit.

CHAPTER VII.

POOR NICHOLAS.

From the oak to the spot where our horses were tethered was close upon 50 paces, and never, I think, was ground covered at a speedier rate by men running for their lives. I was bursting with anger, and know not what restrained me from pistoling Nicholas, so furious was I at the blind folly of the man. As we reached the horses we could hear the dogs splashing through the spill water at the edge of the lake, and some one fired a third shot at us from horseback, a shot in the dark, which whistled through the branches overhead.

"Quick! quick! monsieur!" gasped Nicholas, and with a turn of his hand he freed Couronne and sprang to her back, the great mare standing steady as a rock.

"Quick!" he called out again more loudly, and I made a vain effort to loosen my beast, which, startled by the shots, the baying of the dogs and our haste and hurry, plunged and kicked as though it were demented.

"Damn you!" I hissed, half at the horse, half at the crop-eared idiot who had caused this disaster, and, managing somehow to scramble to the saddle, cut the halter with a draw of my dagger. At this moment the dogs reached us, a dark object sprang up from the ground, and, fastening on the jaws of my horse, brought him to his knees, whilst the other beasts flew at my companion. Nicholas' pistol rang out to no purpose, the report was echoed by a chorus of shouts from the troopers following us, and Couronne, swinging around, lashed out with her heels at the hound that was baying her. Leaning forward with one arm half round the neck of my snorting horse, I thrust twice at the hound hanging to him, the first time sliding off his metal collar, but at the second blow my blade slipped to the hilt into something soft, it seemed of its own accord, and as the dead dog fell suddenly back, bearing my poniard with it, my freed horse rose to its feet, and, mad with pain, dashed forward. As we dashed into the wood the troopers attempted to follow, but it was with relaxed speed, and every moment we were distancing them, and their cries, shouts and curses became fainter and more faint. Leaping a fallen log Nicholas burst through a juniper bush, and my horse following him we came on to an open stretch which sloped down to the river.

"Ouf! Out of it at last!" I gasped out to Nicholas.

"It's a mile yet to the river, monsieur," he answered, slackening pace slightly to allow me to get alongside of him.

The ill will I felt toward Nicholas had gone by this time. He had borne himself like a brave man, as he was, and, after all, if I had been in his position, I would perhaps have done the same, and let drive at de Gomeron at sight.

We came to a narrow patch now, and rode down this, the river being in sight, winding, like a silver ribbon thrown carelessly down. On the opposite bank it was overhung with willows, whose drooping boughs swung low to the very surface of the water. Here and there the stump of a felled tree stood up like a sentinel. In the distance behind us we could hear one or two of the troopers, who had by this time managed to get through the wood, yelling and shouting as they urged their horses toward the river. Doubtless more would soon follow, and I cursed them loudly and heartily. Nicholas looked back.

"But 15 yards of a swim, monsieur, and we are safe."

"Not exactly—see there!"

The sergeant followed my outstretched blade and swore, too. Right before us two men galloped out of a strip of coppice that stretched to the water's edge and cut us off from the stream.

"Sacrebleu! How did they know that cut—have at them, monsieur."

And we did.

It had to be a matter of moments only. The troopers behind were coming on, and if once they reached us we could not well hope to escape again. The odds were too many. I did not, therefore, waste time, but went straight for my man, and, to do him justice, he seemed nothing loath to meet me. He cut over the shoulder, and, receiving this on my forte, I gave him the point in the center of his breastplate, making it ring like a bell. Only a Milanese corselet could have saved him as it did. My nag went on, but turned on its haunches to the reins, and before he could well recover himself I was at him again and discovered that he wore a demi-mask on his face.

"Monsieur, shall I prick your mask off before killing you," I mocked, suiting the words to a thrust that all but effected the object, and ripped him on the cheek.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Napoleon in Peter's Bed.

Peter the Great hated Moscow, and above all, that stronghold of oriental intrigue and moral darkness, the Kremlin. If I remember right, he never inhabited the palace within its walls after he was a child. The old palace is a network of incredibly small, low, ill-ventilated rooms, some little bigger than closets, painted in greens, blues and reds, after the Swedish fashion; rooms which seem, even to-day, to reek of plots, intrigue and murder. Napoleon, always a trifle theatrical, insisted on sleeping in the bed of Peter the Great when he occupied the Kremlin in 1812. The bed of the boy Peter fitted the hero of Austerlitz to a nicety. It is a very abbreviated couch. In the very heart of this oriental palace, with no window which gives on the outer day and the open air, is the terem, or women's quarters. The terem was, to all intents and purposes, a harem. The ladies, even the tsaritza and the sisters of the tsar, were only permitted to look down into the hall of coronation through a carved wooden lattice, just as ladies do in every harem in the east. They received no men except their husbands and brothers, and when they went out it was in a curtained litter. When Peter mounted the throne of the tsars the women of Russia were orientals, imprisoned far more rigorously than the ladies of Constantinople to-day.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Travelers of Two Nations.

Nothing is so curious and instructive as to observe the Englishman when traveling in comparison with the Frenchman. The former is calm, punctual, precise, and with only the necessary quantity of baggage. He will journey through China with merely a valise. He is not impatient. He loves travel; it is to him an inclination and a felt want. On the other hand, the Frenchman when journeying, is restless, nervous, impatient, bored; the entire time he spends looking furtively at his watch, or consuming the railway time table. He is always crowded up with parcels, in addition his portmanteaux. He is, as a rule, encumbered with many useless articles. In fact, he dislikes travel which he finds an ennui and a fatigue.—La Petite Journal.

Inconsiderate.

Foster—So her father refused to consent to your marriage with his daughter?

Biglin—That's just the deuce of it. He gave me no answer when I told him what I had called for, and told me if I didn't leave in less than two seconds he'd kick me out. What's to be done with a fellow who will wander off in that way from the subject of discussion?"—Boston Transcript.

Novel Measuration.

"How far was it," asked the lawyer of the witness, "from your house to the road where the difficulty occurred?"

"'Bout a acre en a half, suh."

"I mean how many yards?"

"Dey wuzn't any yards dere at all, suh, exceptin' of my yard, en dat wuz 'bout a acre en a half fum de road!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Ready for a Rainy Day.

"What are you laughing at?"

"Put an advertisement in the paper saying that the man who had appropriated my umbrella at the reception was known. There were 27 umbrellas at my house before I left this morning and I met a messenger boy on every block on the way down."—Detroit Free Press.

PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL.

John D. Rockefeller, despite his millions, carries a plain, cheap silver watch given him when he was a boy.

Of all New York's millionaires Cornelius Vanderbilt is said to be the most sensitive to criticism, particularly criticism in print.

A railroad accident 20 years ago deprived Henry Wendhoff, a millionaire of Mauch Chunk, Pa., of arms and legs. He wears four artificial limbs.

Gen. H. W. Lawton, of Santiago fame, is a collector of army autographs and has the signature of several hundred of the most famous soldiers of our army.

The London Optician says that great men are usually blue-eyed, and instances Shakespeare, Socrates, Locke, Bacon, Milton, Goethe, Franklin, Napoleon, Bismarck, Gladstone, Huxley, Virchow and Renan.

One of the best puns ever made was by Sydney Smith, on hearing a little girl say "partridges" for "patriarchs," while reading aloud. "She is determined to make game of the patriarchs," said the witty divine.

Among the California volunteers who were sent to Manila is an officer with a terrible mustache, which hides half his face. "It's not fair to fight the Spaniards with that officer," said Dewey. "He's in ambush all the time."

Hetty Green's inside pocket is always lined with lucre, and she has more available cash at her disposal than any other woman in the United States. She recently loaned a little wad of $1,000,000 to the city of New York, at two per cent. interest, for three months.

HIS ONLY PRACTICAL JOKE.

An Old Man's Reminiscence of One of His Boyhood's Most Painful Experiences.

The apples and cider and the genial warmth of the glowing coal fire caused the old man to grow reminiscent. He placed his slippered feet up on the fender, and, while a brighter light came into his faded eyes, he talked of the "good old times."

"Once," he said, and he smiled at the recollection, "I did a very funny thing when I was a very small boy. I think I must have exhausted all my genius for fun in that one grand effort, for I have never had the heart to attempt a funny thing since.

"It happened when I was about ten years old. I was then helping father to run the farm, and, I suspect, we ran it pretty hard, too, for the first thing I knew it got away from us; but that is another story. As I was saying, it happened when I lived on a farm. We had a hired man, a great, raw-boned, overgrown Irishman, as full of mad pranks as Peck's bad boy. He was always playing some trick on me. One night he placed a large thistle in my bed. It was summertime, and I had no underclothes on; and when I lay down on that thistle there was a sensation, several million of them. The Irishman stood and laughed at me until great tears rolled down among the red stubble of his face. I swore as well as a young fellow could swear, that I would get even with him. I spent all the next day studying out how it could be done, and by night I had a plan worked out which I thought so good I had to go out behind the barn, where nobody could see me, and have a good laugh over it. Afterward I was glad I had the laugh anyway.

"That night I stayed up until all in the house had got to bed. Then I went and got mother's largest washtub, sat it at the foot of the stairs, and filled it with water. Next I secured several lengths of stovepipe and scattered them at judicious distances upon the stairs. You see, the hired man slept upstairs. So did I, for that matter; but, then, he was always up an hour or more before I was, and so, of course, he would come downstairs first. In fact, I intended that he should come down head first, and then cool off in the tub of water.

"Every part of the plan was carefully thought out. I was confident it would work like a charm. In fancy I could see the look of astonishment that would jump all over the big Irishman's face when his feet struck the stovepipes on the stairs and his head started for the tub of water. Then I would have the laugh on him, and I thought of the thistle pricks and the sweetness of revenge as I cautiously crept upstairs to bed. It was some time before I could get to sleep. I felt so good over the joke I was about to play on the Irishman. In imagination I saw him go sprawling down the stairs, yelling like a wild Indian, and I fancied how funny he would look when he picked himself up out of the tub of water, blowing like a whale and swearing like himself.

"However, I at length fell asleep, and slept the sleep of a tired boy until suddenly I was awakened by some one wildly crying: 'Fire! fire!! fire!!!'

"I always had a horror of being burned alive. The cry frightened me out of my wits. I did not stop to think; but sprang out of bed and rushed for the stairs. My feet struck a stovepipe and started off on their own hook. I followed, trying to get ahead of them and succeeded just in time to land head first in the tub of water.

"What a racket I and the stovepipes made! How the water flew in every direction! All in the house rushed to the stairway to see what the matter was. The big Irishman stuck his head through the open door, and, seeing me standing shivering in the tub of water wearing a skinned nose and a wet shirt, mildly inquired: 'Did ye iver git left me darlint?'

"Mad? Mad is not the name for the state of my temper. I was raving, tearing, boiling with maniacal fury," and the old man chuckled softly to himself at the picture memory held before his eyes of a youth now long, long dead.—N. Y. Sun.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU, President.

38-tf.

FINE LIQUOR STORE
—IN—
EMPORIUM, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a first-class Liquor store, and invites the trade of Hotels, Restaurants, &c. We shall carry none but the best American and Imported

WHISKIES,
BRANDIES,
GINS AND
WINES,
BOTTLED ALE, CHAMPAGNE, Etc.
Choice line of
Bottled Goods.

IN addition to my large line of liquors I carry constantly in stock a full line of
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Pool and Billiard Room in same building. CALL AND SEE ME.

A. A. McDONALD,
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Bottler of and Dealer in
BEER,
WINES,
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And Liquors of All Kinds.
The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.
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J. A. Kinsler's,
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Where you can get anything you want in the line of
Groceries,
Provisions,
FLOUR, SALT MEATS,
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THIS PAPER IS ON FILE IN CHICAGO AT THE NEW YORK OFFICES OF A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.

A LIVING WITNESS.

Mrs. Hoffman Describes How She Wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for Advice, and Is Now Well.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before using your Vegetable Compound I was a great sufferer. I have been sick for months, was troubled with severe pain in both sides of abdomen, sore feeling in lower part of bowels, also suffered with dizziness, headache, and could not sleep. I wrote you a letter describing my case and asking your advice. You replied telling me just what to do. I followed your directions, and cannot praise your medicine enough for what it has done for me. Many thanks to you for your advice. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me, and I will recommend it to my friends.—Mrs. FLORENCE R. HOFFMAN, 512 Roland St., Canton, O.

The condition described by Mrs. Hoffman will appeal to many women, yet lots of sick women struggle on with their daily tasks disregarding the urgent warnings until overtaken by actual collapse.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled, for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometimes past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

One of Many.

Mrs. Weeks—What business is your husband engaged in?

Mrs. Meeks—He operates in stocks.

"Is he a "bull' or a 'bear?' "

"Both. He's a bull at the stack exchange and a bear at home."—Chicago Evening News.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is often ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Onio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

View of a Layman.

Bill—What do you reckon that doctor t'umps me all over de chest fer?

Jake—Tryin' to see how much dough you had in your inside pocket, of course.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Give the Children a Drink

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it, because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about ¼ as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

Truly Loved.

Mrs. Adsley—My husband is very good to me. He always accompanies me to church on Sundays.

Mrs. Darling—That's nothing. My husband looks under the bed at my request every night.—Chicago Evening News.

Just a Cough

Not worth paying attention to, you say. Perhaps you have had it for weeks.

It's annoying because you have a constant desire to cough. It annoys you also because you remember that weak lungs is a family failing.

At first it is a slight cough.
At last it is a hemorrhage.
At first it is easy to cure.
At last, extremely difficult.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

quickly conquers your little hacking cough.

There is no doubt about the cure now. Doubt comes from neglect.

For over half a century Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has been curing colds and coughs and preventing consumption. It cures Consumption also if taken in time.

Keep one of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs if you cough.

Shall we send you a book on this subject, free?

Our Medical Department.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

WOMAN AND HOME

THE WOMEN OF CHINA.

Their Manners and Customs Differ Widely from Those in Vogue in Our Country.

At the present moment, when it may be said, without fear of contradiction, that in the whole of the civilized world there is no woman who is attracting more universal attention and interest than the dowager empress of China (in favor of whom the emperor has resigned, and who is described as being "a woman in her sixty-fourth year, who has not yet lost her love of power"), a few notes about the manners and customs of Chinese women may be of general interest.

Somehow it is difficult for us to credit any Chinese woman with the "love of power," when, for years we have been accustomed to think of the female population of the celestial empire as being remarkable only for their tiny feet, deformed from infancy by tight bandages for the simple reason that in after life the women may be easily detained as prisoners. But, although the chief part of a Chinese lady's costume may in our eyes be her shoes, embroidered chiefly by her own hand and of such small dimensions that they would only fit the infants of other nations, there will remain a great deal of interest in the other articles of her wardrobe, which consists of beautifully embroidered silk robes and satin tunics, lined in winter with the softest fur.

Even the peasant women wear ornamental garments, especially the better-class ones, who affect bright-colored tunics, such as bright blue ones worn over bright red trousers, or light blue over pink trousers.

Perhaps at the theatrical performances, which play so prominent a part

GIRLS OF CANTON.

in China in connection with all religious rites, are to be seen the most gorgeous costumes. The Chinese ladies spare no pains in arraying themselves at such times, and arrive in their best silks and satins, ornamented with many pearls and much jewelry, often going as far as wearing two sets of ear-rings at one time. Their hair is wonderfully dressed and heavily gummed, and decorated with all manner of gaudy artificial flowers; while their cheeks and lips are profusely colored with rouge.

The average height of a Chinese woman is about four feet six inches, but in their trousers and tunics, which are the most common articles of female dress, they look even shorter. As a nation, they are extremely superstitious, particularly the lower classes; and men and women alike are much given to gambling. It is no uncommon thing to see a woman burning joss-sticks and offering up petitions and prayers for good luck to attend her gambling speculations to Fu Ti, the God of Earth, who is believed by the lower classes to favor all gambling.

Before a Chinese woman is married, she sends with great pomp and state to her future home her entire trousseau, which is packed in large boxes, the keys of which she brings with her when she comes, and on no account is the bridegroom ever supposed to be allowed to see what is contained in these precious trunks until after the wedding is over, when they are shown to him with much pride and ceremony.

In a number of ways the Chinese differ totally in custom from Europeans. For instance, it is considered the greatest mark of distinction to remove one's hat in company; and the greatest compliment it is possible to pay a Chinese man or woman is to tell them they look older than they are. Again, no Chinaman or woman would, on any account, ever dream of eating off a white cloth, looking upon it with great horror and superstitious distaste, much in the same way as we would regard a winding shee.

Another peculiarity of the lower class of women is their slavish fear and regard for their mothers-in-law, who take advantage of their position of being dependent on their daughters-in-law, to whom they often behave most cruelly, and whom the law places within their power. To their children the Chinese are devoted, and to all strangers, if kindly treated by them, exceedingly faithful and polite.—St. Paul's.

Bacon or Ham Rushers.

This is an exceedingly economical, but, nevertheless, most appetizing dish. Remnants of cold boiled potatoes, cauliflower and cabbage should be cut up together, and fried brown in the fat in which the bacon or ham has been cooked. Season the mixture, make a layer of it at the bottom of a warm dish and arrange warm fried rashers of bacon upon it.

CHILD'S SCHOOL APRON.

New Departure in the Garment That Protects the Little Maid's Pretty Dresses.

Children's furnishing stores are showing designs in little girls' lawn aprons this year that are quite out of the ordinary. More material is employed in their construction than in those of former years, and less lace trimming is visible.

Four yards of lawn are required for an apron for a child of seven of eight years. Tucking for the yoke can be

THE NEW EMPIRE APRON.

made at home or purchased for a small amount; in either case a half yard of goods is sufficient for the front and back.

The back and side widths of the apron are slightly gored to give it more shape, but the front breadth is made very full so that when gathered upon the yoke it falls in folds not unlike those noticed in empire effects.

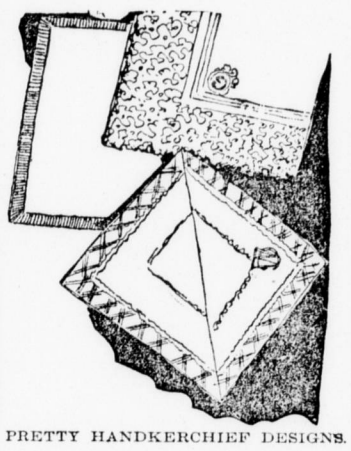
Straps are made of the apron material finished upon the shoulders with small bows of ribbon. The sash is also of lawn trimmed only with two or three rows of tucks above the hem. The skirt of the apron has also groups of tucks around the foot.

DAINTY MOUCHOIRS.

The Hand-Embroidered Handkerchief of Sheerest Linen Is the Fad of the Hour.

It is now quite the fad to make one's own handkerchiefs. The sheerest linen is purchased for the mouchoir, and so carefully is the work done, that it requires weeks to complete a single one, especially if it be much trimmed.

For shopping and ordinary use the handkerchief is usually quite plain. The edges are turned over and hemstitched, care being taken never to catch more



PRETTY HANDKERCHIEF DESIGNS.

than five threads at a draw. The hem is then striped with colored linen or silk thread. Sometimes it is worked with the cross-stitch finished by a fancy stitching in the square, and a monogram.

Evening kerchiefs are hemmed and edged with the rarest valenciennes and point lace. If desired the initial is embroidered in the corner.

How to Wash China Silk.

Silk should be washed as rapidly as possible. Examine the articles to be washed, and if there are any parts especially soiled clean with a little benzine or gasoline applied with a flannel cloth. Then prepare a soapsuds of lukewarm water and plunge the garments in it, sousing them up and down and rubbing them thoroughly in this sud. Rinse them into water a little cooler, and then into a third water still a little cooler, and so on until the final rinsing water is perfectly cold. Do not blue them. Wring them out as dry as possible with a machine. Lay them in sheets and heavy cloths, and roll them as hard as you can in firm rolls. Put them away for an hour, and at the end of that time iron them on the wrong side.—N. Y. Ledger Monthly.

Monogramed Gloves.

The monogramed glove is the very latest thing and, of course, it is worn only by the extremists of fashion. To make the monogramed gloves you get a pair of plain kid gloves with as little stitching upon the back as possible. Black and white are the best colors. Now mark upon the back of the gloves your monogram, or get it stamped there. With silk the color of your walking suit you now embroider the monogram. After it is completed it is about as large as a silver quarter. You will find that it is very becoming to the hand and the custom of wearing the embroidered glove will grow upon you until you will want no other.

THE FARMING WORLD

TRANSPLANTING TREES.

Description of a Rack and Boat Especially Designed for This Operation.

It is very often desirable to transplant trees which have already attained a considerable size, but it is not safe to do this either in the fall or spring, for before the roots establish themselves to the new conditions of things the tops become lifeless. As a consequence very few large trees are transplanted. If the tree could be removed from one place to another without disturbing many of its roots, by pruning the tops, the operation would be attended with less difficulty.

A very successful way is suggested by the illustration portrayed herewith. This operation is performed in winter while the ground is frozen. Consider-

RACK AND BOAT FOR TREE MOVING.

able of the earth is removed from around the outside before frost, care being taken not to disturb the roots any more than absolutely necessary. The amount of earth left will depend upon the size of the trees. This is to remain until the ball of earth is frozen hard enough to stand moving. Then the apparatus is applied as suggested, and the tree well protected after it reaches its new home. The latter place of reception is of course to be prepared before the ground freezes. The tree is launched in the same manner as it was loaded. The size of the arms of the standards must be governed by the weight they must sustain. Of course for very large trees guy ropes will have to be used. With smaller ones, little difficulty will be experienced in getting the roots with their ball of earth on to the stone boat.—Farm and Fireside.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE.

In the Spraying of Pears of All Kinds and Apples It Has Proved Quite Effective.

At Green's fruit farm we have found by the present year's experience that pears are greatly benefited by spraying with Bordeaux mixture. The spray should be applied three times. The first time at once after the trees have blossomed and the next time a few weeks thereafter. The Seckel pear is particularly inclined to be imperfect unless sprayed, but where sprayed the Seckel was smooth and beautiful. The blemishes on other varieties of pears can be largely removed by spraying and the quality of the fruit is greatly increased. In apple orchards buyers do not care to go far to see orchards that have not been sprayed, knowing that the fruit of such orchards cannot be first-class. One spraying is not enough for apple orchards, since frequent showers are liable to occur at the season of the year when spraying is done, which is at the close of blossoming. We have also sprayed our peach trees with partial success, but the spraying not entirely preventing the peach leaf curl. There is no question whatever that the orchardist must have a spraying equipment in order to market the finest specimens of fruit.—Green's Fruit Grower.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Long stable manure makes a good mulch for the strawberry bed, but the objection is that it contains too many weed seeds.

It is claimed that a liberal dressing of salt under quince trees as far out as the roots extend will help to induce bearing.

Moss-covered trees will be benefited by a whitewashing of lime and wood ashes in equal parts, wet up to a proper consistency with water.

The greatest enemy of house plants is dust. Much of this may be avoided by covering before commencing to sweep. Wash the leaves occasionally.

If proper work in pruning is done at the time of planting the tree and for the next four or five years little time or labor will be needed afterwards.

In raising trees or plants from cuttings the important point is to have the callus formed as soon as possible, so that the emission of roots will be a little ahead of the unfalding of the leaves.—St. Louis Republic.

American Roads Are Improving.

America is a country of poor roads, and those working for highway reform are laboring in a wise and just cause, but it is worth noting what great progress has already been made. About ten years ago it was emphatically asserted in England that the bicycle could never become popular here because the roads were so poor. To-day America is the greatest cycling country in the world, and there has been more advance in road improvement during the last decade than in any previous 20 years.—Baltimore News.

MANITOBA'S CAPACITY.

Can Raise Enough Wheat to Supply Britain All She Requires from Abroad.

Toronto, Nov. 10th.—The World comments on the report of the United Empire trade league on the capacity of Canada as a granary for Britain. The report refers to Manitoba as follows: Manitoba has an area of 47 millions acres. Deducting ten million for lakes, rivers, townsites, and waste land, 37,000,000 acres are left for farm cultivation or homes for 116,000 families on 320 acres each and as up to now there are only 27,000 farmers there altogether, that leaves room in one province for 89,008 more wheat growers. Supposing, then, we got them there and each one of them out of his 320 acres grows on an average 160 acres at 20 bushels to the acre, if you figure it up you will find it is quite possible for Manitoba alone to supply us with all the wheat we require from abroad. It is only a question of money, and, comparatively speaking, not money either. The cost of one first-class battleship (about £750,000) would put 5,000 families on to farms in the North West, allowing £150 to each to find them in implements, seeds, horses, &c. Would keep them until their first crop was harvested. Five thousand farmers, averaging 100 acres of wheat each at 20 bushels to the acre, means an extra 10,000,000 bushels, for if that scheme is not liked Britain would put a duty on foreign wheat.

In addition to the wheat lands of Manitoba there are the millions of acres in Assiniboia, Alberta and Saskatchewan.

It is an evidence of greatness to listen to the advice and experience of others. A fool is always bull-headed.—Atchison Globe.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED—IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Healthy, Happy Girls

often, from no apparent cause, become languid and despondent in the early days of their womanhood. They drag along always tired, never hungry, breathless and with a palpitating heart after slight exercise so that merely to walk up stairs is exhausting. Sometimes a short, dry cough leads to the fear that they are "going into consumption."

They are anæmic, doctors tell them, which means that they have too little blood. Are you like that? Have you too little blood?

More anæmic people have been made strong, hungry, energetic men and women by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People than by any other means. They are the best tonic in the world.

Miss Lulu Stevens, of Gasport, Niagara Co., N. Y., had been a very healthy girl until about a year ago, when she grew weak and pale. She lost her appetite, was as tired in the morning as on retiring, and lost flesh until she became so emaciated that her friends hardly knew her. The doctors declared the disease anæmia, and gave her up to die. A physician who was visiting in Gasport prevailed upon her to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. She did so, and was benefited at once. She is now well and strong—the very picture of health.—*Buffalo (N. Y.) Courier.*

The genuine are sold only in packages, the wrapper always bearing the full name. For sale by all druggists or sent, postpaid, by the Dr Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., on receipt of price, fifty cents per box. Book of cures free on request.

"THOUGHTLESS FOLKS HAVE THE HARDEST WORK, BUT QUICK WITTED PEOPLE USE

SAPOLIO

STAR PLUG
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SLEDGE PLUG
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SLEDGE MIXTURE SMOKING

Not Made by a TRUST or COMBINE!

LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO COMP'Y, Manufacturer.

Sour Stomach

"After I was induced to try CASCARETS, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had stomach trouble. Now, since taking Cascarets, I feel fine. My wife has also used them with beneficial results for sour stomach."
JOS. KREHLING, 1921 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

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TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 918

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Is the only sure cure in the world for **Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Gangrene, Fever Sores,** and all **Old Sores.** It never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. Best salve for **Abscesses, Piles, Burns, Cuts,** and all **Fresh Wounds.** By mail, small, 35c; large, 65c. Book free. **J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.**

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A complete line of Fall and Winter Goods.

We would be pleased to have you call and inspect our stock whether you purchase or not.

Goods delivered anywhere in town, free of charge.

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LIQUOR AND OPIUM HABITS.

Removes all desire and appetite, builds up the system, renews health and vigor, brightens the intellect and fits one for business.

THE ONLY KEELEY INSTITUTE IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

Booklet free.

The Keeley Institute, 4246 Fifth Ave. Pittsburg, Pa.

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They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "Life Savers" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1 per box by mail. Sold by druggists. MOTT CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by R. C. Dodson.

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Superior to all others.

For all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases.

If you have BACKACHE, you want this Cure.
For FEMALE WEAKNESSES it has been proven the most successful remedy known. If suffering from too frequent or scanty urine, you need this great remedy.
In case of Dropsy it means life and health to you.
Bed Wetting in Children cured by one bottle.

When you take this preparation you have the assurance that you are obtaining a medicine prepared by a Physician of many years study and wide experience, whose writings on medical questions are accepted as authority. We prove our faith in our goods by stating that if you are not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

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HTE GREATEST ALMANAC.

A Wonderful Collection of Facts Issued by "The Philadelphia Press."

To those familiar with the Almanac issued by "The Philadelphia Press" Pennsylvania's Greatest Newspaper,, the announcement that the 1899 editi on is on sale is quite sufficient to induce purchase. Those who have examined the contents of the two previous volumes issued by that paper know that there is not to be found in the United States—and, if not there, nowhere in the world—an almanac which surpassess "The Press'" for accuracy, comprehensiveness, variety and attractiveness. It is a volume of over 500 pages, replete with the information that every citizen interested in the past, the present, or the future of the country in which he lives needs constantly. What "The Philadelphia Press" does for the news of the world daily its Almanac does for the events of the year. There is not one department of human activity which is not touched on. The farmer and the merchant, the clerk and the professional man may each find something in it to interest and to instruct. It answers the many questions concerning the Government and of foreign nations, is a resume of the war with Spain, abounds with statistics from commercial and industrial pursuits, tells the story of the part played by the Keystone boys in the late war—and is, in fact a complete cyclopedia of the world's activities during 1898, and must be indispensible to every thinking American citizen. The Almanac may be had from newsdealers or by sending 25 cents to "The Press," Philadelphia.

DR. BULL'S Cough Syrup helps consumptives and cures incipient consumption; it loosens the phlegm and heals. It is without doubt the best cough medicine. Price 25c.

Making the Home Attractive.

William Martin Johnson, author of "Inside of a Hundred Homes," contributes the first of his new series on "The House Practical" in the January Ladies' Home Journal. In these articles Mr. Johnson will explain how the various rooms, hallways, etc., of a house may be artistically furnished and decorated at comparatively small cost. The explanation is so clearly detailed that, with the aid of the accompanying drawings, almost anyone with taste may follow the instructions given. The articles will show how the interior of a house may be transformed from the commonplace into a thing of artistic beauty and coziness. There is no subject of such vital interest to Americans as the improvement of the home, and Mr. Johnson's articles will doubtless prove popular and useful as his "Inside of a Hundred Homes."

ALL SORTS.

The sooner a cough or cold is cured without harm to the sufferer the better. Lingering colds are dangerous, a Hacking cough is distressing. One minute Cough Cure quickly cures it. Why suffer when such a cough cure is within reach? It is pleasant to the taste. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

Constipation prevents the body from ridding itself of waste matter. De Witt's Little Early Risers will remove the trouble and cure sick Headache, Billousness, Inactive Liver and clear the Complexion. Small, sugar coated, don't gripe or cause nausea. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

Overcome evil with good. Overcome your coughs and colds with One Minute Cough Cure. It is so good children cry for it. It cures croup, bronchitis, pneumonia, grippe and all throat and luug diseases. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

Late to bed and early to rise, prepares a man for his home in the skies. But early to bed and a Little Early Riser, the pill that makes life longer and better and wiser. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

Many a household is saddened by death because of the failure to keep on hand a safe and absolute certain cure for croup such as One Minute Cough Cure. See that your little ones are protected against emergency. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

Soothing, healing, cleansing, De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is the implacable enemy of sores, burns and wounds. It never fails to cure Piles. You may rely upon it. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

When you ask for De Witt's Witch Hazel salve don't accept a counterfeit or imitation. There are more cases of Piles being cured by this, than all others combined. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

A cough is not like a fever. It does not have to run a certain course. Cure it quickly and effectually with One Minute Cough Cure, the best remedy for all ages and for the most severe cases. We recommend it because it's good. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

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Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog.

JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal.

Central State Normal School,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Traveler's Guide.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R

Time Table taking Effect June 6th, 1898.

"The Grand Scenic Route."

Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad and Connections.

READ UP.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....	.....
ar. K't'ng Smt...	8 55	7 38	.....	12 25	.....	.....
.... Austin,....	8 10	7 08	.....	12 00	.....	.....
....Costello,....	.....	7 00	.....	11 53	.....	.....
...Wharton,....	.....	6 46	.....	11 41	.....	.....
Cross Fork J'ct,	.....	6 00	.....	10 56	.....	.....
....Corbett,....	.....	5 31	.....	10 29	.....	.....
...Germania....	.....	5 20	.....	10 18	.....	.....
dp..Galeton....	P. M.	5 13	.....	10 12	.....	.....
ar. "	7 10	.....	12 55	10 90	.....	.....
.... Gaines,....	6 55	.....	12 41	9 42	.....	.....
..Sabinsville,..	6 30	.....	12 17	9 06	.....	.....
...Westfield,...	6 19	.....	12 06	8 52	.....	.....
.. Knoxville....	6 05	.....	11 50	8 30	.....	.....
....Osceola,....	5 55	.....	11 41	8 07	.....	.....
....Elkland,....	5 51	.....	11 36	7 58	.....	.....
Lv Addison,....	5 15	.....	11 05	7 15	.....	.....
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	.....	.....

READ DOWN.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....	.....
Lv K't'ing Smt..	.....	12 40	7 50	9 10	.....	.....
.....Austin.....	6 40	1 05	8 20	9 50	.....	.....
....Costello....	6 47	1 12	.....	.....	.....	.....
....Wharton....	6 59	1 24	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cross Fork Jct.	7 44	2 09	.....	.....	.....	.....
....Corbett....	8 11	2 36	.....	.....	.....	.....
....Germania...	8 22	2 47	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ar. Galeton,.	8 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv. Galeton,.	8 38	2 53	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....Gaines.....	8 52	3 08	.....	.....	.....	.....
..Sabinsville....	9 21	3 33	.....	.....	.....	.....
...Westfield.....	9 33	3 43	.....	.....	.....	.....
...Knoxville....	9 47	3 56	.....	.....	.....	.....
....Osceola	9 58	4 06	.....	.....	.....	.....
....Elkland	10 03	4 11	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ar..Addison....	10 34	4 43	.....	.....	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	.....	.....	.....	.....

Read up. Read down.

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	.....
.....	5 10	10 00	Ar..Galeton..Lv	6 30	1 05	.....
.....	4 51	9 41	...Walton....	6 47	1 24	.....
.....	4 27	9 17	..Newfield Jct..	7 13	1 50	.....
.....	4 09	8 59	West Bingham,.	7 30	2 06	.....
.....	3 58	8 48	.... Genesee....	7 41	2 18	.....
.....	3 53	8 43	.... Shongo	7 46	2 24	.....
.....	3 30	8 20	dp Wellsville ar	8 06	2 46	.....
.....						.....
.....	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	.....
.....	4 40	10 10	ar..Galeton..lv	8 25	2 00	.....
.....	4 20	9 58	.....Gaines.....	8 43	2 26	.....
.....	3 50	9 38	lv..Ansonia ..ar	9 15	3 00	.....

	STATIONS.			A. M.
..... P. M.	A. M.	ar dp	A. M.	P. M .....
..... 2 00	7 30	Cross F'k Junc.	11 00	6 00 .....
..... 1 00	6 30	dp Cross Fork ar	12 00	7 00 .....

All trains run daily except Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.

At Keating Summit with W. N. Y. & P. R. R. for all points north and south.

At Ansonia with Fall Brook R. R. for all points north and south.

At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R. west for Coudersport, east for Ulysses and points on Cowanesque Valley branch of Fall Brook R.R.

At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.

At Addison with Erie R. R., for points east and west.

At Wellsville with Erie R. R. for points east and west.

H.C. UNDERHILL, Gen'l Pass. Agt. Buffalo, N.Y
C.W. GOODYEAR, Gen'l Man'gr. Buffalo.
W. W. ATWOOD, Supt. Addison. N. Y.
W. C. Park, Supt. Austin, Pa.

Dry Goods AND Carpets

In Buffalo - -

GO TO

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block;

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Established 1867—No Branch Store.

Ready For Christmas.

Every department in our great store is ready for Christmas trade.

We have every convenience for our out-of town customers including the best refreshment room in Buffalo, where you can get anything you want—breakfast, dinner, lunch, supper or simple refreshments—at reasonable prices.

We lead the trade of Buffalo in—

Dry Goods,	Carpets,
Cloaks,	Rugs.
Millinery,	Curtains,
Ladies' Shoes,	Upholstery,
Dressmaking,	Art Goods,
Toilet Goods,	Crockery,
Jewelry,	Lamps,
Books,	Leather Goods,
Stationery,	Toys and Dolls,
Silverware,	Games.

Grand Display in basement, of holiday goods. Infinite variety of attractions for the children.

Our bargains in holiday handkerchiefs, gloves, neckwear, ribbons, umbrellas and fancy goods are the talk of the city.

☞ Send your Christmas mail orders early.

☞ Read our Advertisements in the Buffalo papers.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

The American Block.

GEO. J. LA BAR

IS OFFERING

Special o-o Bargains IN BABY CARRIAGES

Having purchased the largest and most handsome line of those goods I shall be compelled to cut close to the cost in order not to carry any over to another season. Come quick and get your pick.

PARLOR SUITES, EASY CHAIRS, SIDEBOARDS, LOUNGES, EASELS.

BED-ROOM SUITES, WINDOW CURTAINS, HAT RACKS, DESKS, Etc. Etc

LUXURY

it is to recline at ease on one of our superb couches. Slumber comes unsought under such delightful conditions. Pieces of furniture like these are as pleasant to look on as they are to lie on and this fact makes them an irresistable temptation to repose. Our entire stock is packed full of temptations for that matter, temptations in parlor and bedroom suits and in every kind of furniture, and unprecedented temptations in prices. Some people are always quoting from somebody, but our favorite quotations are figures like these: Couches, $5, $6, $8, and $10.

Best Furniture.

We have the largest line ever exhibited in Cameron county.

Geo. J. LaBar.

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

Cold Weather Bargains

We have concluded to give our customers some rare bargains this month and to start the ball rolling will close out

WINTER OVERCOATS AT COST.

Have you examined those handsome Gents Handkerchiefs. The latest out. They are beauties.

Have you looked at our new and stylish neckwear? You miss something nice.

Do you own a storm Overcoat? We will sell you one dirt cheap.

R. SEGER & SON.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

Our line of Groceries is complete. Our aim is to purchase nothing but the best and keep our stock fresh. Come and examine our goods.

Our shoes are from the best manufactures in the country. They comprise all the latest styles and colors in footwear.

Our lines of linens and domestics are carefully selected from large stocks and are the best goods for the money obtainable. If in need of such goods give us a tria.

Our notion department is made up of only reliable tgoods at medium prices. Examine and let us name you prices.

Our stock of Fall and Winter Clothing has arrived. In it you will find all the latest cloths. Call and examine before line is qroken.

- - -

We have shirts and lots of them at all prices. Let us show them to you and name our prices.

If you want to save money, give us a call. We defy competition. All goods guaranteed.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.